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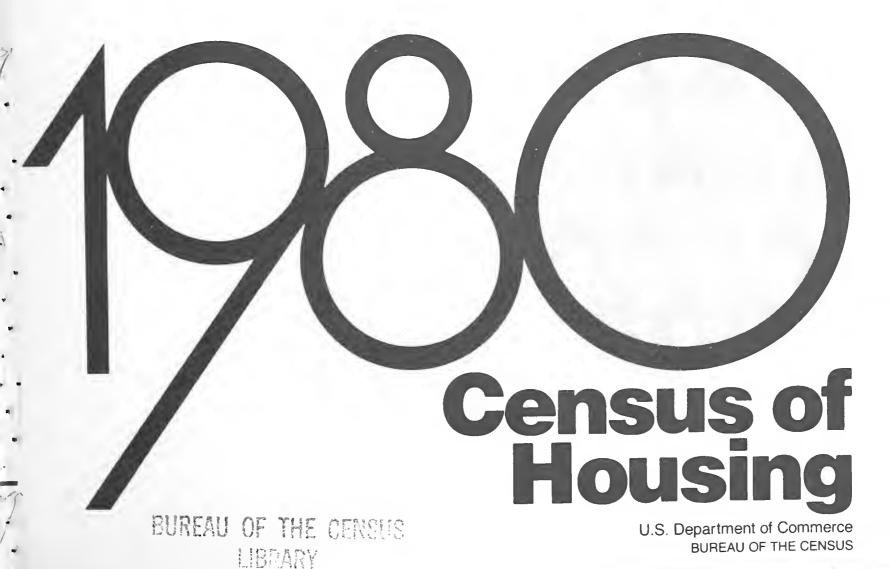
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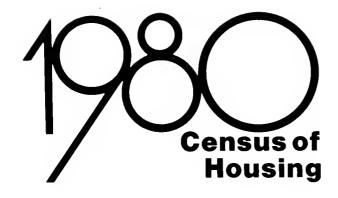
# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

GREEN BAY, WIS.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



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VOLUME 2

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# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

**GREEN BAY, WIS.** 

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Issued October 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary

Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

**BUREAU OF THE CENSUS** C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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### **GENERAL**

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

### **CONTENTS OF THE REPORT**

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

# DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

# SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

# SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

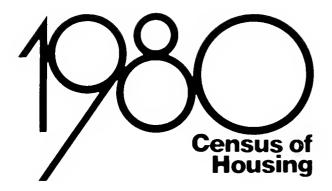
To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed: other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

### GREEN BAY, WIS.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA
HC80-2-175

### Contents

# Arrangement of Tables This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the

reader in using this report, the listings are presented as

which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-	
holders appear	IX
List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	x
Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	XII

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follows:

Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

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		Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages
SMSA total Green Bay	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24	I -		_	<u>-</u>	=

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(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

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- 2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
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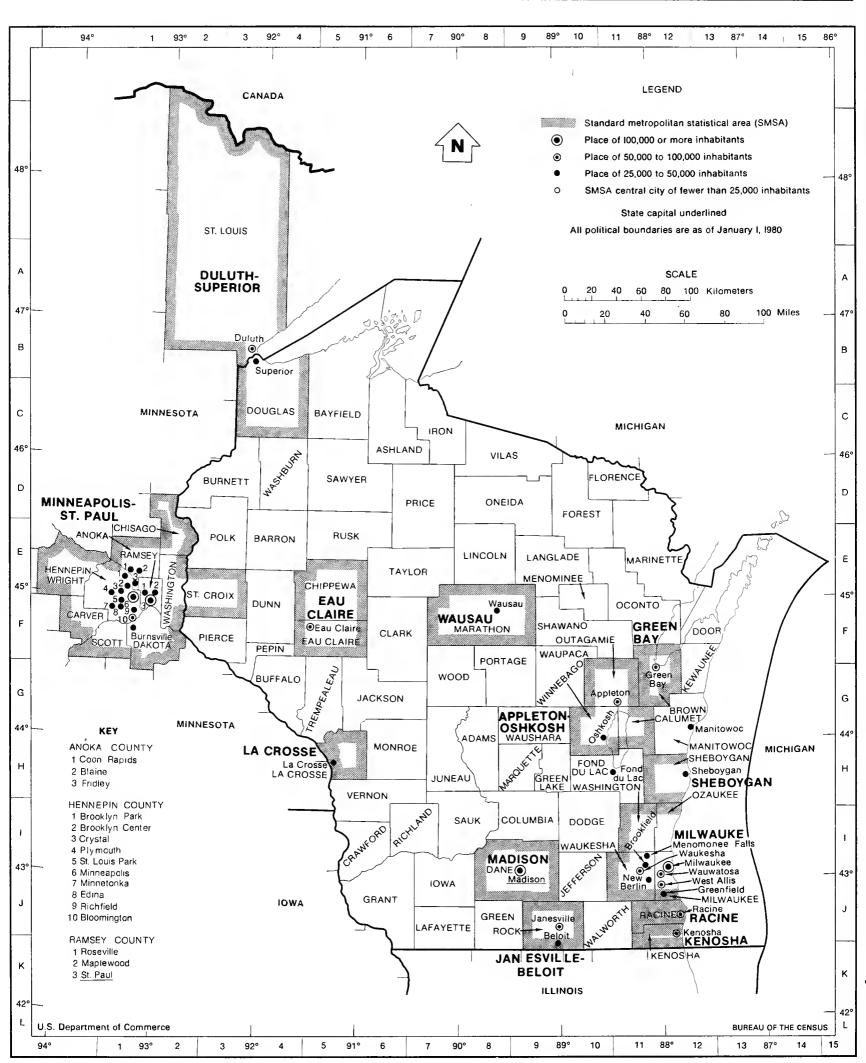
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# Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

				<del>,</del>		
Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected mont owner costs not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANOV CHARACTERISTICS				<del>,</del>		
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS		1				
Condominium	1	2	3	4	5	6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS						
Rooms	1	2	_	_	5	-6
Persons in unit	_	_	_	_	5	6
Bedrooms	1	2	_	_	<u> </u>	_
Median rooms	1	2	3	4	5	6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS	ļ					
Units in structure		2	_	_	_	_
Year structure built	1	2	_	_	5	6
Stories in structure		2		_	_	_
		_				
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS						
Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	· <b>-</b>
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS	<u> </u>					
Heating equipment	1	2	3	4	5	6
Air conditioning	1	2	3	4	5	6
Vehicles available	l –	_	3	1 4	l –	_
House heating fuel	_	_	3	4	5	6
Water heating fuel	-		-	_	_	_
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Value	_	_	_	-	5	6
Price asked	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mortgage status and selected	]					
monthly owner costs			3	_		
Selected monthly owner costs as	į					
percentage of household income		_	_	_	5	6
Contract rent		_	_	4	_	_
Gross rent	_	_	_	4		_
Rent asked	_	_	_	_	_	_
Gross rent as percentage of						
household income	_	2	_	4	_	_
Mortgage status and selected monthly						
owner costs as percentage of						
household income	1	_	3	_	_	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS						
Household type by age of						
householder	1	2	3	4	5	6
Income	1		_		_	_
Income below poverty level	1	2	-	_	_	_
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group						
White	14	15	16	17	18	19
Black	25	26	27	28	29	30
American Indian, Eskimo, and	23	20	27	20	25	•
Alleut	36	37	38	39	40	41
Asian and Pacific Islander	47	48	49	50	51	52
Spanish origin	58	59	60	61	62	63
	J 30	, JJ		1 01	02	00

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8 8	_	_	_		
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 8 8	9 - - 9	_ 10  _	- - - -	12 - 12 12	- - 13
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS  Units in structure	7 _ _	_ _ _	9	- - -	11 _ _	12 12 -	13 13
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS  Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	12 - - -	  
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS  Value	1 1		9 -	1	- - 11	_ 12 _	_ _ _
monthly owner costs	-	_ _ _	9 9	-	11 - 11	_ _ _	  
Rent asked	- : - :	- -	9	10	11	12 	- -
owner couts as percentage of household income		-	_	10	-	_	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS  Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	– 9 9		11 11	_ _ _	
The table numbers listed above show data f the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro	or all househoup comprises	olds. Similar o	lata are showr f the area pop	in the tables listed ulation. For furthe	d below when there r explanation, see t	are 10,000 or the Introduction	more persons of n on page VII.
White	20 31 42	21 32 43	22 33 44	23 34 45	24 35 46	- - -	-
Asian and Pacific Islander	53 64	54 65	55 66	56 67	57 68	_ _	_ 

### Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places



### CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

### NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income In 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

### Table A=1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doid the estimo	les bosed on	o somple, set	milodociion	. TOT THEOTHE	g or symbols	, see illifoddc	non. For der	minions of let	ins, see uppen	dixes A dilu o		
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 ta \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	35 260	91	1 023	3 706	6 103	7 629	6 373	7 064	1 947	1 098	226	48 800	52 500
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	28 303	37	544	2 191	4 482	6 189	5 557	6 371	1 728	1 002	202	51 100	54 900
15 to 24 years	709 7 794 6 557	- 11 6	7 55 54	93 310 361	201 1 139 701	181 1 666 1 293	137 2 030 1 097	87 1 923 1 972	3 438 601	189 394	33	43 000 53 300	44 600 55 800
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	9 818 3 425	10 10	201 227	807 620	1 610 831	2 172 877	1 885 408	2 063 326	605 81	376 43	78 89 2	57 300 50 500 40 300	61 800 54 800 42 500
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	<b>2 048</b> 172 567	22 	106 - 10	<b>434</b> 39 102	<b>436</b> 54 112	448 36 136	<b>257</b> 30 101	<b>213</b> 10 71	<b>96</b> 3 22	25 - 7	11 - 6	<b>40 500</b> 36 800 44 300	<b>43 800</b> 40 000 47 200
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	328 485	5 9	24 46	23 96	77 72	38 114	42 62	75 46	35 26	9 9	5	49 100 41 100	50 500 45 000
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	496 <b>4 909</b> 85	8 <b>32</b> -	26 <b>373</b> 6	174 1 <b>081</b> 25	121 1 185 16	124 <b>992</b> 21	22 <b>559</b> 6	11 480 4	10 123	71 71	13	33 700 <b>38 100</b> 38 600	35 500 <b>41 700</b> 43 500
25 to 34 years	561 604	3 - 25	31 6 74	72 64 299	162 72	98 139	113 128	62 152	7 28 50	13 14	- 1	42 300 51 800	45 500 53 100
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	1 446 2 213 <b>45.4</b>	57.9	256 <b>64.9</b>	621 <b>59.0</b>	367 568 <b>51.7</b>	315 419 <b>46.4</b>	134 178 <b>41.3</b>	141 121 <b>40.9</b>	38 <b>42.4</b>	32 5 <b>42.4</b>	9 3 <b>44.5</b>	38 700 33 600	43 600 36 300
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	3 718	٥	45	224	430	725	712	1 057	258	206	52	55 600	60 100
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	9 785 6 241	5 22	146 103	597 492	1 421 818	1 684 1 388	2 082 1 240	2 525 1 577	786 373	445 193	94 35	54 600 52 100	58 600 55 100
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	8 114 7 402	18 37	255 474	727 1 666	1 364 2 070	2 072 1 760	1 555 784	1 474 431	408 122	214 40	27 18	48 300 37 100	51 400 39 400
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms	218 3 112	10 26	64 299	72 964	25 1 082	23 481	11 140	6 90	11	7 16	_ 3	25 000 32 100	30 200 33 900
5 rooms6 rooms	10 080 9 536	35 8	308 231	1 183 828	2 229 1 585	3 112 2 293	2 080 2 241	993 1 931	100 318	40 86	15	44 400 49 300	44 400 50 100
7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	6 359 5 955 5.9	5 7 4.8	73 48 5.0	420 239 5.2	719 463 5.4	1 087 633 5.6	1 265 636 5,9	1 998 2 046 6.8	564 954 7.5	203 746 8.1	25   183   8.5+	56 500 69 700	58 400 74 000
BEDROOMS None													
1	497 6 222	7 47	125 472	150 1 692	97 1 815	77 1 133	27 533	7 380	101	7 41	- 8	28 100 34 700	31 100 37 700
3	19 740 7 693 1 108	26 3 8	332 85 9	1 340 420 104	3 131 946 114	4 855 1 309 255	4 500 1 202 111	4 151 2 337 189	916 790 140	438 486 126	51 115 52	50 400 58 800 55 900	52 700 62 700 69 900
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	5 034	2	19	15	62	354	1 189	2 163	690	461	78	67 200	72 800
1970 to 1974 1 <b>9</b> 60 to 1969	4 398 7 853	27 10	7 35	51 199	255 639	864 1 926	1 097 2 038	1 475 2 166	375 526	209 258	38 56	59 000 54 500	62 900 59 000
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	7 162 3 655 7 158	17 4 30	138 124 700	742 774 1 925	1 789 1 200 2 158	2 229 932 1 324	1 196 339 514	720 190 350	218 49 89	81 33 56	32 10 12	43 800   37 900   33 700	46 500 40 300 36 700
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 699	21	157	471	418	337	107	141	27	20	_	34 600	38 000
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	3 242 1 582	22 20	337 87	852 250	894 504	578 356	327 206	155 114	65 24	12 21	-	34 400 38 600	37 000 41 100
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	1 792 5 745 7 072	2 6 3	85 148 112	280 716 536	516 1 218 1 152	436 1 557 1 837	271 953 1 601	171 936 1 515	20 161 201	8 36 112	3 14 3	40 300 45 100 49 500	42 400 47 100 51 000
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	8 653 3 850 1 625	14 3	68 16 13	452 131 18	1 015 350 36	1 708   647 173	2 042 673 193	2 452 1 233 347	595 535 319	283 202 404	24 60 122	54 500 61 700 81 500	57 200 65 100 90 300
Medion	\$22 480 \$24 683	\$10 313 \$12 462	\$10 503 \$13 606	\$15 000 \$16 381	\$17 895 \$18 551	\$21 485 \$22 446	\$24 140 \$25 641	\$26 492 \$28 648	\$32 241 \$38 282	\$38 675 \$48 011	\$54 489 \$75 570		
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	22 303	18	276	1 409	3 274	4 677	4 492	5 526	1 564	<b>893</b> 255	174	53 000	57 000
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	5 686 5 453 4 574	8 - 4	106 51 38	435 316 247	904 712 669	1 307 1 140 1 017	1 033 1 133 1 011	1 181 1 477 1 139	398 406 290	181 137	59 37 22 20	50 600 54 300 52 800	56 100 57 600 56 100
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	2 635 1 563 2 355	6	· 11 20 49	144 92 172	358 197 427	440 348 415	658 274 381	707 449 567	1 <i>7</i> 9 102 182	112 72 135	20 9 27	54 900 54 600 52 600	58 400 57 700 57 700
Not computed Median	37 20.0	21.3	1 18.1	3 19.2	7 20.1	10 19.5	2 20.4	6 20.4	7 19.7	1 20.4	- 18.8	48 400	57 000
Less than 10 percent	12 957 5 443 2 783	<b>73</b> 17 22	<b>747</b> 158 191	<b>2 297</b> 765 328	2 829 1 014 648	2 952 1 305 643	1 <b>881</b> 1 023 401	1 <b>538</b> 779 437	<b>383</b> 222 78	205 124 35	52 36 -	41 700 45 500 43 200	44 600 49 000 45 000
15 to 19 percent	1 433 936 658	13 - 2	99 107 28	318 241 209	322 252 160	351 151 116	155 90 76	116 65 30	31 12 30	21 18	7	39 000 34 200 33 600	41 300 38 000 39 700
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	468 1 146	12	45 112	116 288	123 303	86 284	46 83	33 i 64 i	10	- -	9 -	36 600 35 900	42 900 36 300
Not computed Median	90 11.8	13.6	7 16.1	32 15.6	13.1	16 11.3	10-	14 10—	10-	10—	10_	27 400	37 400
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use	<b>35 128</b> 755	<b>74</b> 2	<b>981</b> 13	3 679 82	6 08 <b>9</b> 219	<b>7 609</b> 156	<b>6 373</b> 140	<b>7 052</b>	1 9 <b>47</b> 21	1 098 6	226	<b>48 900</b> 45 300	<b>52 500</b> 46 700
1.01 or more persons per room	132 -	17	42	27 -	14 -	20	<u>-</u>	12 -	<del>-</del>	-	-	22 200	27 300
Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning	35 260 33 751 13 678	91 42 <b>2</b> 9	1 023 806 273	3 706 3 361 1 187	6 103 5 852 2 159	<b>7 629</b>   7 415   <b>2 981</b>	6 373 6 221 <b>2 581</b>	7 064 6 867 2 751	1 947 1 895 976	1 098 1 074 620	226 218 121	48 800 49 200 50 700	52 500 53 000 55 600
Income in 1979 below poverty level	3 633 1 184	5 <b>21</b>	45 <b>91</b>	100 <b>277</b>	267 <b>286</b>	483 181	664 1 <b>10</b>	981 <b>148</b>	550 <b>50</b>	442 <b>20</b>	96	63 800 <b>37 300</b>	71 600 <b>42 100</b>
Percent below poverty level	3.4	23.1	8.9	7.5	4.7	2.4	1.7	2.1	2.6	1.8	-	•••	•••

### Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Codia are estimat	co basea on o	Jonipie, Jee II	itroduction. Fo	ir meoning or s	symbols, see ii	I GGOCHOIL T	or definitions o	1011113, 300 0	ppendixes 77 or	1	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Medion (dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	18 238	1 076	1 379	4 006	5 209	3 070	1 926	670	369	78	455	222
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wifo present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Medion age	5 300 1 439 1 816 596 739 710 4 459 1 590 1 549 486 463 3371 8 479 2 505 2 033 695 1 087 2 159	64 4 10 9 21 20 247 53 42 39 81 765 74 23 13 76 579 70.9	199 40 29 51 79 464 138 120 62 66 78 716 156 111 8 166 275 48.9	760 337 185 63 56 119 1 305 536 437 115 130 87 779 460 95 240 367 27.3	1 290 413 494 113 103 167 1 312 472 532 124 139 45 2 607 884 723 219 290 491	1 198 360 387 132 159 160 622 252 236 52 45 337 1 250 337 401 149 164 199	1 001 219 428 114 171 69 239 71 98 39 28 193 182 107 105 99 31.5	334 24 166 75 64 19 40 13 - 4 260 58 99 67 23 13	189 100 52 600 43 24 81 24 35 22 - 99 19 22 29 7 22 36.6	50 7 20 13 10 - 16 10 - - 12 - 12 - - 12	215 25 45 17 61 67 97 15 9 21 16 36 143 143 63,0	259 239 270 288 285 229 206 208 213 210 194 154 213 212 226 252 209 180
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	8 992 6 288 1 715 701 542	361 396 280 15 24	558 451 185 90 95	2 022 1 389 349 156 90	2 598 1 922 421 196 72	1 528 1 102 260 116 64	1 140 605 108 55 18	387 231 44 4	262 77 25 5	56 22 - - -	80 93 43 64 175	228 220 203 212 188
ROOMS 1 room	395 1 355 4 481 5 965 3 808 1 417 817 4.0	125 251 578 65 42 15 -	59 165 541 425 122 38 29 3.4	79 342 1 693 1 230 472 139 51 3.4	65 486 1 257 2 061 958 284 98 3.9	26 56 285 1 245 974 362 122 4.4	29 37 95 682 725 209 149 4.7	8 8 119 284 162 89 5.2	6 7 - 26 132 111 87 5.6	6 - 4 7 - 6 55 7.1	- 3 20 105 99 91 137 5.5	165 193 186 230 262 272 313
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.50 to less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 238 17 815 12 325 5 143 284 63 423 236 179 8 - - 3 284 3 162 171	1 076 932 792 100 35 5 144 94 - - 349 321 35	1 379 1 308 1 056 249 3 - 71 42 27 2 27 22 260	4 006 3 958 2 982 916 32 28 48 41 7 - - 779 779	5 209 5 112 3 753 1 292 55 12 97 61 30 6 - 879 879	3 070 3 045 1 972 1 025 48  25 12 13  501 494	1 926 1 921 975 884 8 54 8 5 - - - 253 248	670 667 271 365 31 - 3 3 - 98 98	369 369 161 178 25 5 - - - - 56 56	78 78 43 34 1 - - - - - -	455 425 320 100 5 30 - - 78 64	222 223 214 249 261 197 134 174 99 233 —
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	482 6 579 8 176 2 504 382 115	28 - 142 779 122 30 3	89 795 421 54 4 16	98 2 397 1 301 179 25 6	37 - 71 2 013 2 685 367 55 18	34 377 2 009 570 76 4	36 119 1 148 545 68 10	- 28 232 365 40 5	6 14 87 226 21 15	6 4 13 31 20 4	14 - 53 158 137 70 37	164 189 241 298 294 249
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2  3 and 4  5 to 9  10 to 49  50 or mare  Mobile home or trailer, etc.	3 418 5 605 2 513 2 348 3 086 1 118 150	42 50 75 239 163 493	168 491 277 167 120 131 25	397 1 136 1 071 637 689 46 30	573 1 323 726 1 032 1 353 176 26	795 1 202 256 216 479 105 17	639 841 67 40 242 87	269 339 10 6 21 23 2	149 154 - - 15 51	61  11  6	325 69 31 - 4 - 26	274 242 191 205 219 119
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	3 230 3 740 3 100 1 419 1 936 4 813	195 415 117 30 26 293	57 117 101 113 155 836	425 615 607 312 674 1 373	950 1 294 954 376 505 1 130	561 641 715 233 331 589	628 403 394 160 135 206	231 156 94 80 34 75	137 70 48 36 35 43	32 6 11 10 -	14 23 59 69 41 249	249 223 233 229 210 191
STORIES IN STRUCTURE	17 500 738 645	680 396 375	1 231 148 141	3 948 58 18	5 170 39 19	3 065 5 -	1 865 61 61	670  -	351 18 18	65 13 13	455  -	224 90 88
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	3 319 3 124 2 763 1 781 1 387 2 182 2 967 715 24.2	185 245 263 190 64 43 48 38	426 166 200 94 113 219 143 18 22.2	876 622 577 417 283 513 665 50 24.1	1 031 993 640 471 410 609 979 76 24.2	471 623 530 234 193 476 497 46 23.9	249 324 397 220 165 183 356 32 24.7	36 91 56 94 106 105 182 – 32.7	45 43 93 45 35 34 74 – 25.4	14 7 16 18 - 23 30.6	455	208 225 224 219 226 225 231 214
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system	18 236 16 552 6 7C3 939	1 074 1 007 276 13	1 379 1 093 265 33	4 006 3 480 1 221 90	5 209 4 824 2 629 231	3 070 2 895 1 234 216	1 926 1 822 572 160	<b>670</b> 617 1 <b>93</b> 77	<b>369</b> 365 <b>129</b> 72	<b>78</b> 78 <b>24</b> 14	455 371 162 33	222 224 227 269

### Table A -3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

			-		Ho	usehold incar	me in 1979					-	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	41 260	2 162	4 060	2 085	2 212	6 651	8 002	9 763	4 407	1 918	22 135	24 311	1 583
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Male householder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Median age	32 588 974 8 706 7 257 11 514 4 137 2 778 271 803 430 628 646 5 894 133 654 735 1 776 2 596 45.9	602 8 111 98 148 237 246 14 21 8 47 156 1 314 21 41 62 228 962 68.9	1 878 37 106 107 340 1 288 405 20 43 25 60 257 1 777 44 220 165 398 950 68.1	1 287 41 165 142 300 639 186 22 53 22 43 46 612 13 94 84 256 165 60.5	1 577 75 425 247 359 471 273 47 87 21 75 43 362 7 74 65 110 106	5 211 260 2 035 852 1 469 595 577 88 211 113 107 58 863 26 101 193 358 185 39.6	7 078 324 2 513 1 747 2 148 346 473 32 185 185 185 153 129 38.6	9 022 188 2 634 2 508 3 416 276 357 32 135 65 97 28 384 9 359 211 60 42.0	4 142 34 581 1 028 2 336 163 164 47 45 39 19 99 99 2 22 56 19	1 791 7 136 528 998 122 95 	24 054 21 154 22 803 26 222 27 303 12 126 17 287 16 935 19 669 21 066 19 328 7 727 9 471 10 288 11 755 14 673 12 636 6 237	26 948 21 351 23 979 29 646 31 447 17 257 19 280 18 084 21 111 26 215 12 105 11 968 13 519 14 743 9 054	656 20 142 169 183 142 163 19 28 8 46 62 764 28 99 116 159 362 55.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  1979 to March 1980  1975 to 1978  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1959 or earlier	4 476 11 399 7 255 9 083 9 047	124 306 240 428 1 064	231 610 493 825 1 901	214 378 309 408 776	311 578 352 406 565	920 2 126 1 211 1 188 1 206	969 2 723 1 534 1 727 1 049	1 130 3 046 1 922 2 321 1 344	426 1 136 821 1 269 755	151 496 373 511 387	22 186 23 083 23 267 23 806 15 891	24 156 25 128 25 946 26 551 19 800	143 356 249 277 558
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available  1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Medion rooms	41 040 932 220 41 255 39 202 15 597 4 273 39 685 12 655 27 030 41 255 31 800 1 184 844 6 676 751 5.9	2 105 34 57 -2 16- 2 1916 514 101 1 523 1 079 2 162 1 532 9 20 468 43 5.1	3 998 19 62 	2 063 45 22 2 085 1 922 708 152 1 943 1 232 1 943 1 232 1 618 72 36 315 44 5.3	2 208 41 4 2 212 2 080 801 158 2 184 1 100 1 084 2 212 1 708 69 59 332 44 5.4	6 633 109 18 6 651 6 286 2 508 5 550 2 559 4 001 6 651 5 129 160 1 121 135 5.7	7 975 215 27 8 002 7 693 2 853 663 7 949 2 047 5 902 8 002 6 247 193 140 1 241 181 5.9	9 742 270 21  9 763 9 464 4 250 1 119 9 725 1 393 8 332 9 763 7 489 265 266 1 566 1 566	4 398 154 9 4 407 4 293 1 795 669 4 407 3 433 116 679 43 6.7	1 918 45 - 1 918 1 849 990 633 1 918 1 83 1 735 1 918 1 488 83 49 276 22 7.3	22 177 25 109 9 135 22 136 22 385 23 590 26 987 22 589 15 369 25 507 22 136 22 156 21 156 21 693 25 678 21 850 21 024	24 374 27 332 12 564 24 313 24 551 26 613 34 109 24 973 16 749 28 824 24 313 24 486 23 684 29 038 23 318 21 514	1 543 72 40 - 1 583 1 409 352 89 1 337 763 574 1 583 1 037 103 23 369 51
Specified owner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	35 260	1 699	3 242	1 582	1 792	5 745	7 072	8 653	3 850	1 625	22 480	24 683	1 184
With a mertgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$579 \$500 to \$749 \$750 or more Median  Not martgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$79 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	22 303 658 1 590 3 136 3 593 3 374 4 939 2 396 1 693 924 \$382 12 957 10 93 495 1 944 3 111 4 749 1 608 947 \$159	416 51 36 67 49 82 51 26 23 31 \$353 1 283 30 119 325 337 362 81 26 \$137	804 126 158 133 120 79 85 44 27 32 \$294 2 438 5 40 182 622 664 694 175 56 \$139	580 34 65 140 124 76 83 28 8 22 \$321 1 002 - 59 259 282 307 64 31 \$141	1 004 53 115 208 201 169 157 42 39 20 \$331 788 - 8 29 108 248 293 70 32 \$150	4 045 117 403 637 728 873 303 171 20 \$355 1 700 2 15 37 254 406 689 202 95 \$160	5 280 110 322 756 1 010 865 1 314 542 293 68 \$376 1 792 - 33 131 467 829 207 125 \$166	6 404 124 337 843 892 955 1 645 770 589 249 \$403 2 249 - - - 186 462 975 431 168 \$173	2 724 28 128 318 330 372 513 467 357 211 \$438 1 126 - - 9 53 191 429 267 177 \$186	1 046 15 26 34 74 48 218 174 186 271 \$562 579 - - 6 54 171 111 237	24 055 17 831 20 198 22 443 22 130 23 156 24 538 26 417 27 976 31 897 17 956 6 000 6 528 8 089 10 241 15 317 20 185 25 110 30 036	26 610 20 390 21 684 23 281 23 673 26 792 30 591 34 156 46 243 21 366 6 913 7 902 10 583 13 058 17 622 22 539 26 526 43 195	\$24 32 20 79 89 109 84 39 28 44 \$369 <b>660</b> 3 8 52 102 176 242 51 26 \$148
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	4.5.	*		****	****	,	****	•	,	,==:			
With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median  Hot mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median  Mortgaged Less than 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	22 303 5 686 5 453 4 574 2 635 1 563 2 355 37 20.0 12 957 5 443 2 783 1 433 936 658 488 4146 90 11.8	416 - - 14 365 37 50+ 1 283 - 8 56 64 158 919 78 44.0	804 18 25 26 36 88 611  48.6 2 438 7 164 545 661 548 293 220  23.8	580 17 5 54 96 122 286 - 34.8 1 002 33 389 417 114 34 8 7 -	1 004 18 70 227 222 231 236 - 29.2 788 67 448 202 60 111 - - 13.6	4 045 221 778 1 133 885 505 523 24.5 1 700 730 193 30 19 9 9	5 280 762 1 627 1 574 731 374 212 - 20.8 1 792 1 188 535 59 10 - 10 -	6 404 2 205 2 097 1 218 575 201 108 - 17.4 2 249 1 303 9 5 - - - 10	2 724 1 624 680 300 78 28 14 - 13.7 1 126 1 112 10—	1 046 821 171 42 12 - - 11.1 579 567 - - - 12	24 055 32 665 25 742 22 652 20 489 18 034 11 761 2500—  17 956 28 970 16 856 10 980 7 952 6 762 5 844 3 818 2500— 	26 610 38 588 27 724 23 632 21 441 18 728 12 336 -518 21 366 33 955 17 588 11 719 8 568 7 048 6 014 3 937 70 047	524 

Table A=4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Н	ousehold inco	me in 1979					<del>-</del> -	
The SMSA	Total	less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dallors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	18 648	3 828	4 787	1 922	1 803	3 070	1 712	1 088	345	93	10 922	12 751	3 333
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Male householder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years	5 559 1 479 1 928 624 796 732 4 527 1 597 1 561	325 86 113 29 54 43 779 317 119	984 245 199 107 79 354 996 484 251	495 131 168 42 64 90 531 218 196	695 230 290 57 52 66 444 154 229	1 479 501 557 136 185 100 810 184 396	788 191 332 128 92 45 511 119 217	588 76 211 98 191 12 308 68	158 7 58 23 65 5 115 44	47 12 - 4 14 17 33 9	15 837 15 443 16 343 17 659 19 189 9 622 12 300 9 972 14 842	16 852 15 569 17 169 18 302 20 982 12 881 13 843 11 824 15 562	441 102 176 77 62 24 699 377 159
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	488 496 385 8 562 2 519 2 053 707 1 097 2 186 30.2	82 89 172 <b>2 724</b> 743 364 132 313 1 172 <b>41.0</b>	55 60 146 2 807 840 728 222 327 690 31.2	31 60 26 <b>896</b> 303 281 93 98 121 <b>28.4</b>	31 20 10 <b>664</b> 185 248 58 102 71 <b>28.0</b>	122 89 19 <b>781</b> 195 257 128 127 74 <b>28.9</b>	65 101 9 413 178 80 46 74 35 29.9	72 63 3 <b>192</b> 70 63 18 27 14	20 7 - 72 - 32 10 23 7 34.1	10 7 - 13 5 - 6 2 43.8	17 500 16 105 5 576 7 576 7 958 9 603 9 987 8 570 4 810	18 087 16 203 6 834 9 510 9 345 10 833 11 290 12 403 6 429	72 51 40 2 193 909 464 180 235 405 27.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to March 1980	9 094 6 430 1 788 739 597	1 875 1 218 468 139 128	2 452 1 525 459 172 179	987 665 137 88 45	939 637 154 35 38	1 356 1 197 287 140 90	790 656 132 83 51	484 373 111 79 41	162 142 33 1 7	49 17 7 2 18	10 557 11 774 9 646 11 662 9 747	12 483 13 100 11 955 13 553 14 441	2 027 939 227 74 66
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 200	3 605	4 667	1 903	1 770	3 033	1 707	1 086	336	93	11 088	12 875	3 211
0.50 or less	12 537 5 313 287 63 448 256 184 8	2 914 622 50 19 <b>223</b> 143 80	3 287 1 289 60 31 120 61 59	1 301 567 32 3 19 13 6	1 103 617 50  33 10 23 	1 961 1 038 34 	1 125 558 24 - 5 - 5 -	591 472 23 - 2 - 2 - 2	192 132 6 6 9 6 3	63 18 8 4 - - - -	10 130 13 223 12 575 7 566 5 051 4 609 5 857 19 167	12 201 14 352 14 785 13 574 7 712 7 265 7 765 20 829	1 976 1 064 138 33 122 83 39
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Medion rooms	18 646 16 865 781 943 15 080 10 016 5 064 18 646 14 275 387 2 092 1 626 266 4.0	3 828 3 384 1 212 1 45 1 822 1 637 185 3 828 2 960 90 423 265 90 3.4	4 785 4 252 1 716 191 3 602 3 063 539 4 785 3 611 94 607 415 58 3.9	1 922 1 739 711 94 1 799 1 389 410 1 922 1 415 36 265 185 21 4.0	1 803 1 673 658 82 1 713 1 185 528 1 803 1 418 25 202 139 19 4.2	3 070 2 807 1 101 1 30 2 983 1 684 1 299 3 070 2 412 65 261 290 42 4.3	1 712 1 606 687 122 1 660 651 1 009 1 712 1 289 22 184 201 16	1 088 975 467 107 1 069 277 792 1 088 825 45 107 91 20 4.7	345 336 182 47 339 70 269 345 284 8 26 27 -	93 93 47 25 93 60 33 93 61 2 17 13 -	10 924 11 145 11 626 13 765 12 963 10 554 18 377 10 924 11 001 10 660 10 151 11 797 8 438	12 751 12 929 13 779 13 617 14 395 11 955 19 222 12 751 12 663 13 349 12 999 13 446 10 391	3 333 2 907 882 138 2 037 1 617 420 3 333 2 469 72 403 311 78 3.9
Specified renter-occupied housing units	18 238	3 785	4 709	1 890	1 750	2 990	1 668	1 027	332	87	10 827	12 655	3 284
CONTRACT RENT  Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$249 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	1 672 3 055 6 280 4 691 1 457 429 83 79 37 455 \$183	960 815 1 190 532 129 57 5 - 6 91 \$153	344 1 026 1 812 1 052 276 67 - 21 7 104 \$176	99 313 777 459 150 26 12 6 4 44 \$182	58 273 694 511 156 22 - 7 - 29 \$190	102 345 978 1 101 276 93 19 - - 76 \$201	48 162 555 537 240 62 - 15 6 43 \$204	51 100 205 325 174 74 43 19  36 \$219	10 16 44 147 56 24 4 6 14 11 \$234	5 25 27 - 4 - 5 - 21 \$228	4 621 8 394 10 444 13 980 15 294 17 361 25 724 21 964 23 125 11 847	7 449 10 070 11 975 14 777 16 131 17 747 22 560 20 904 23 799 16 573	418 686 1 225 597 211 59 - 10 - 78 \$169
GROSS RENT													
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more Na cash rent Median	1 076 1 379 4 006 5 209 3 070 1 926 670 369 78 455 \$222	807 458 890 902 377 186 52 16 6 91 \$182	200 468 1 364 1 340 705 333 140 48 7 104 \$209	22 95 546 631 290 146 80 26 10 44 \$218	6 144 339 572 305 234 108 13  29 \$229	14 136 521 914 645 473 132 67 12 76 \$243	4 32 241 510 446 249 71 66 6 43 \$253	13 39 94 244 197 219 67 102 16 36 \$276	10 7 5 77 81 74 20 26 21 11 \$286	- 6 19 24 12 - 5 - 21 \$262	4 025 7 252 9 109 11 436 13 836 15 623 13 958 20 980 24 167 11 847	5 235 8 957 10 704 12 624 14 785 16 386 15 101 20 860 24 054 16 573	349 272 798 879 501 253 98 56 - 78 \$210
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													1
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	3 319 3 124 2 763 1 781 1 387 2 182 2 967 715 24.2	27 176 221 212 128 436 2 234 351 50+	99 205 561 677 791 1 559 713 104 34.8	80 325 586 443 238 154 20 44 24.4	244 515 533 242 159 28 - 29 21.0	772 1 181 718 173 65 5 - 76 17.9	951 558 92 18 6 - 43 14.2	780 150 45 16 - - - 36 12.2	300 14 7 - - - 11 10—	66 - - - - - 21 10—	22 132 16 211 12 563 10 008 8 868 6 651 3 702 5 361	24 516 16 104 12 657 10 187 9 028 6 821 3 753 10 453	86 77 85 111 156 400 2 031 338 50+

### Table A=5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				oduction, rot in	-						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 ta \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	22 303	658	1 590	3 136	3 593	3 374	4 939	2 396	1 693	924	382
PERSONS IN UNIT											
l person	1 231 4 402	119 234	109 395	236 544	201 573	177 550	185 1 089	101 516	88	15 177	338 391
3 persons	4 455	118	287	540 855	724 1 084	780	997	468	324 351	190	386
4 persons 5 persons	6 192 3 722	106 32	416 212	547	716	937 616	1 296 796	726 361	518 243	254 199	384 379
6 persons 7 persons	1 556 534	45	109 47	2 <b>7</b> 9 102	174 83	191 96	436 93	134 69	133 28	55 12	395 366
8 or more persons	211 3.67	2.40	15 3.51	33   3.79	38 3.78	27 3.69	47 3.65	21 3.66	8 3.66	22 3.81	386
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	19 248	463	1 339	2 621	3 006	2 868	4 472	2 208	1 447	824	388
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	679 7 429	89	33   255	45 717	118 1 227	96 1 273	208 2 008	142 983	30 648	229	417 407
35 to 44 years	5 690 5 135	76 207	374 616	878   924	862   758	797 693	1 247 967	595 481	487 276	374 213	391 355
65 years and over	315 <b>1 226</b>	84 37	61 <b>100</b>	57 <b>190</b>	41 227	212	42 196	7 102	118	8 44	261 <b>364</b>
15 to 24 years	158 530	8 2	11 37	94	52 69	22 77	27 105	15	7 85	7 20	349
25 to 34 years	275	12	11	26	78	64	34	39	6	5	391 358
45 to 64 years65 years and over	235 28	6 9	33 8	58 3	22 6	49 -	28 2	7	20	12	347 231
15 to 24 years	1 829 77	158	151	<b>325</b> 16	<b>360</b> 19	<b>294</b> 11	<b>271</b> 13	86 11	128	<b>56</b> 7	<b>339</b> 366
25 to 34 years	541 525	26 12	37 25	124 61	121 129	71 132	81 74	17 38	50 38	14 16	335 363
45 to 64 years	547 139	74 46	61 28	111	83	67 13	81 22	17	34	19	317 242
65 years ond over	37.4	52.4	45.3	40.1	36.5	36.3	35.2	34.9	35.5	38.6	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	3 389	38	89	119	294	301	898	689	610	351	495
1975 to 1978	8 784 4 773	102 79	293 347	769 884	1 274 1 143	1 667 746	2 484 905	1 085	747 206	363 93	411
1970 to 1974	4 277	241	619	1 148	737	576	534	370 217	104	101	347 309
1959 or earlier	1 080	198	242	216	145	84	118	35	26	16	273
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	94	30	11	10	3	_	٥	16	R	7	280
4 rooms	1 276	127	205	288	221	180	162	. 73	18	2	304 343
5 rooms	5 755 5 960	267 123	561 396	1 111 971	1 081 1 044	1 007 900	1 088 1 407	412 605	188 382	40 132	375
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	4 573 4 645	72 39	258 159	484 272	737 507	684 603	1 143 1 130	566 724	416 681	213 530	404 463
Median	6.2	5.1	5.5	5.7	6.0	6.1	6.4	6.7	7.1	7.8	••••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	4 591	24	51	112	259	629	1 288	954	820	452	495
1975 to March 1980	3 634	26 26	62	277	715	705	1 011	427	266	145	403 374
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	5 299 3 571	68 184	341 436	924 762	905 628	875 486	1 185 641	499 227	347 105	155 102	332
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 873 3 335	101 253	293 407	358 703	397 689	244 435	326 488	92 197	44 111	18 52	323 322
VALUE											
Less thon \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	18 276	5 96	8 85	5 57	23	13	_ 2	-	_	-	225 225
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	1 409 3 274	175 174	281 498	435 839	296 691	122 50 <b>6</b>	66 438	25 73	9 20	35	279 309
\$40,000 to \$49,999	4 677 4 492	125	384 188	978	1 078 754	777 919	962 1 320	265 530	93 242	15	339 393
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	5 526	41 31	126	476 305	671	848	1 620	985	752	188	446
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	1 564 893	11	14 6	34 7	71   9	148 41	363 168	378 131	340 175	205 356	537 672
\$150,000 or more Medion	174   \$53 000	\$32 600	\$38 400	\$42 600	- \$47 500	\$52 700	\$57 500	\$65 000	62 \$73 100	\$99 700	750+ ···
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS			, .	·	,	·	·				
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	5 686	439	925	1 525	1 069	638	613	245	142	90	298
15 to 19 percent	5 453	73	319	832	1 185	1 060	1 170	470	213	131	365
20 to 24 percent	4 574 2 635	38 23	127 38	380 132	733 272	830 377	1 495 815	518 490	321 344	132 144	411 455
30 to 34 percent	1 563 2 355	27 55	50 131	92   173	96 232	215 i 240	388 454	300 371	278 389	117 310	471 478
Not computed	37 20.0	3 12.3	13.9	15.3	6 18.1	14 19.9	4 22.3	2 24.7	6 27.4	28.8	377
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	10.0	, 20	,	, 5.0	,,,,	17.17	22.0				
Heating equipment	22 303	658	1 590	3 136	3 593	3 374	4 939	2 396	1 693	924	382
Steam or hot water system Central worm-air furnoce or electric heat pump	4 365 16 486	72 489	174 1 246	378 2 516	676 2 726	648 2 513	1 033 3 633	651 1 631	477 1 093	256 639	421 375
Other built-in electric unitsFloor, woll, or pipeless furnace	408 178	33	11 24	31 46	34 21	44 13	125 34	73	76 7	14	454 285
Other means	866 8 749	64	135 <b>628</b>	165 <b>1 437</b>	136 1 361	156 1 330	114 1 800	41 832	40 <b>692</b>	15 <b>496</b>	325 <b>379</b>
Centrol system	2 323	173	53	183	222	307	565	324	326	336	467
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	6 426 <b>22 303</b>	166 <b>658</b>	575 <b>1 590</b>	1 254 <b>3 136</b>	1 139 <b>3 593</b>	1 023 <b>3 374</b>	1 235 <b>4 939</b>	508 <b>2 396</b>	366 1 <b>693</b>	160 <b>924</b>	354 <b>382</b>
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	17 762 439	559 7	1 342 20	2 661 56	3 038 34	2 792 71	3 695 110	1 710 64	1 225 60	740 17	373 435
Electricity	609 3 118	78	18 179	34 304	54 407	61 388	175 889	110 489	117 261	40 123	472 422
Other	375	14	31	81	60	62	70	23	30	4	351
		<u> </u>			<u></u>					<del></del>	_

### Table A-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Outo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	[DOID OF ESTIMOTE	3 00360 011 0 30111	pie, see illitodociii	on. For incoming	or symbols, see	introduction. For	dessimilars of Term	is, see oppendixes	A did bj	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	12 957	10	93	495	1 944	3 111	4 749	1 608	947	159
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	2 770 5 578	5 5	62 28	197 232	849 847	647 1 564	732 1 950	190 618	88 334	136 153
2 persons3 persons	1 808	J -	20	232	105	382	802	307	187	174
4 persons	1 415	-	2	18	74	304	643	240	134	174
5 persons6 persons	735 392	-	_	10	45 7	142	297 230	137 58	108 34	179 177
7 persons	176	_	_	8	9	l ii	56	41	51	205
8 or more persons	83 2.16	1.50	_ 1.25	1.72	8 1.65	2.08	39 2.34	17 . 2.49	11 2.78	183
Medion	2.10	1.30	1.23	1.72	1.65	2.00	2.34	2.47	2.70	••••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	<b>9 055</b> 30	5	29	233 6	901 2	2 141	<b>3 669</b>	1 289	788	167
15 to 24 years	365	-	_	16	31	90	175	24	29	141 163
35 to 44 years	867	-	-		55	156	439	121	96	175
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	4 683 3 110	ם -	9 20	72 139	342 471	965 919	1 984 1 061	831 313	475 187	174 150
Male householder, no wife present	822	2	20	60	231	165	224	114	6	1 <b>40</b> 125
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	14 37	2		5 3	_	11	2 21	5	_	125 156
35 to 44 years	53	_	3	2	19	_	8	19	2	166
45 to 64 years	250 468	-	6	10 40	66 144	78 76	61 132	27 63	2 2	139
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	3 080	3	44	202	812	805	856	205	153	138 <b>140</b>
15 to 24 years	8	-	-	8	- 3	-	<del>,</del>	- <del>-</del>	-	88
25 to 34 years	20   79		=1	_	3 7	5_	6 42	6 20	10	167 189
45 to 64 years	899	-	8	41	194	263	298	35	60	145
65 years and over Median age	2 074 <b>62.8</b>	3 <b>58.0</b>	36 <b>72.8</b>	153 <b>70.2</b>	608 <b>68.1</b>	537 <b>64.7</b>	510 <b>60.3</b>	144 58.9	83 <b>58.5</b>	136
	02.0	30.0	72.0	70.2	00.1	J 44.7	00.3	30.7	30.3	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to Morch 1980	329	_	5	33	.53	47	127	48	16	160
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	1 001 1 468	2 5	5   8	45 31	111 129	201 339	381 559	143 254	113 143	168 170
1960 to 1969	3 837	-	20	84	384	750	1 638	586	375	171
1959 or earlier	6 322	3	55	302	1 267	1 774	2 044	577	300	147
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	124	- 1	3	18	35	34	29	5	~	129
4 rooms5 rooms	1 836 4 325	10	54 28	155 151	590 641	541 1 257	340 1 739	115 383	31 126	130
6 rooms	3 576	_ [	20	108	401	830	1 739	363 462	259	152 165
7 rooms	1 786	-	-1	32	175	347	745	316	171	173
8 or more rooms	1 310   5.6	4.0	4.3	31 5.0	102 5.0	102 5.3	386 5.7	327 6.2	360 6.8	205
	3.0	7.0	7.5	3.0	3.0	] 3.3	5.7	0.2	0.0	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974	443 764	- 5	2	8 10	40 23	63 107	169 343	87 152	74   117	182   184
1960 to 1969	2 554	-		30	192	380	1 141	516	295	180
1950 to 1959	3 591	-	22	40	405	919	1 472	464	269	164
1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	1 782 1 3 823 1	2 3	20 42	102 305	329 955	569 1 073	548 1 076	128 261	84 108	144
					,,,,		. 575	201	100	107
VALUE			_							
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	73 747	-	7 15	14   133	25 192	27 231	129	20	27	115 129
\$20,000 to \$29,999	2 297	3	52 19	181	713	704	526	95	23	132
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	2 829 2 952	2	19	108	592 296	916	957	156	79 05	144 164
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1 881	5	_	42 10	105	725 344	1 491 1 009	313 290	85 118	174
\$60,000 to \$79,999	1 538	-	~	7	19	157	573	527	255	201
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	383 205		_	_1	2	7	44 16	182 22	155 : 160 :	240 250+
\$150,000 or more	52	-	_	-	_	-	4	3	45	250+
Medion	\$41 700	\$42 500	\$21 900	\$25 300	\$30 600	\$36 300	\$45 000	\$57 300	\$69 200	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS		-								
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	Į.									
Less thon 10 percent	5 443	7	25 32	168	647	1 389	2 147	658	402	161
10 to 14 percent	2 783   1 433	-	32 12	100   89	408 229	543 358	1 031 478	447 144	222 123	165 153
20 to 24 percent	936	3	19	50	248	232	233	85	66	141
25 to 29 percent	658 ( 468 )	- i	2	22	125	172	249	60	28	152
30 to 34 percent	1 146	_	3	34 23	107 180	90 304	164 400	46 168	27 68	151 158
Not computed	90		- 1	9	_	23	47	-	11	164
Median	11.8	10—	13.4	13.8	14.0	11.4	11.0	11.6	11.5	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	12 957	10	93	495	1 944	3 111	4 749	1 608	947	159
Steam or hat water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	1 851 10 246	- 8	67	23	145	365	638	403	277	181
Other built-in electric units	74	°		381	1 592 18	2 479 17	3 905 18	1 176   3	638 18	158 156
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce	143	- 1	,8	13	37	55	22	3	5	131
Other means	643 <b>4 929</b>	2	18 <b>26</b>	78 <b>101</b>	152 <b>529</b>	195 1 135	166 <b>1 893</b>	23 749	9 <b>496</b>	134   <b>168</b>
Centrol system	1 310	_	5	6	38	203	502	250	306	190
1 or more individual room units	3 619 <b>12 957</b>	10	21	95	491	932	1 391	499	190	160
House heating fuelUtility gas	10 636	5	<b>93</b>   71	<b>495</b> 383	<b>1 944</b> 1 676	<b>3 111</b> 2 715	<b>4 749</b> 3 874	1 608   1 218	<b>947</b> 694	1 <b>59</b> 156
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	267	_	4	11	49	34	103	32	34	167
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	102 1 833	- 3	- 8	93	18 189	33 297	24 705	9   337	18 201	150   173
Other	119	ž	10	8	12	32	43	12	-	146

### Table A=7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

(Dota ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions af terms, see appendixes A and B)

		Ov	vner-occupied h	ousing units				Rer	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 ar earlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 ta 1959	1939 ar earlier
Occupied housing units	41 260	6 008	5 367	8 728	11 690	9 467	18 648	3 246	3 764	3 140	3 452	5 046
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	<b>32 588</b> 974 8 706	<b>5 264</b> 265 2 763	<b>4 617</b> 165 1 563	7 471 91 1 223	8 8 <b>74</b> 323 1 759	6 362 130 1 398	<b>5 559</b> 1 479 1 928	1 <b>043</b> 310 430	897 192 353	969 250 275	1 182 362 416	1 468 365 454
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	7 257 11 514 4 137 2 778 271 803 430 628 646 5 894 133 654 735 1 776 2 596 45.9	1 271 824 141 365 24 185 67 79 10 379 15 86 74 142 62 34.0	1 458 1 168 263 237 27 101 66 35 8 513 16 110 137 151	2 077 3 441 639 350 42 87 64 73 84 907 11 92 268 305 231 46.5	1 297 3 789 1 706 887 114 233 101 231 208 1 929 63 203 140 625 898 52.9	1 154 2 292 1 388 939 64 197 132 210 336 2 166 28 163 116 553 1 306 54.5	624 796 732 <b>4 527</b> 1 597 1 561 488 496 385 <b>8 562</b> 2 519 2 053 707 1 097 2 186 <b>30.2</b>	84 115 104 <b>771</b> 288 290 112 62 19 <b>1 432</b> 394 411 151 134 342 <b>29.0</b>	95 128 907 324 287 143 94 59 1 960 545 413 149 213 640 31.8	95 158 159 <b>625</b> 238 213 50 83 41 <b>1 546</b> 485 274 158 225 404 <b>32.3</b>	144 179 81 849 391 347 24 39 48 1 421 528 417 129 144 203 27.9	206 216 227 1 375 356 424 159 218 2 203 567 538 120 381 597 33.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 476 11 399 7 255 9 083 9 047	1 884 4 124 — —	476 1 625 3 266 - -	568 1 613 1 567 4 980	876 2 348 1 339 2 411 4 716	672 1 689 1 083 1 692 4 331	9 094 6 430 1 788 739 597	2 098 1 148 - -	1 766 1 448 550 —	1 281 1 214 412 233	1 894 1 022 260 139 137	2 055 1 598 566 367 460
ROOMS 1 room	5 81 338 4 238 11 575 10 856 14 167 5.9	12 21 343 1 503 1 573 2 556 6.2	21 50 450 1 449 1 319 2 078 6.0	3 53 465 2 610 2 326 3 271 6.0	5 15 95 1 953 4 034 3 185 2 403 5.4	30 119 1 027 1 979 2 453 3 859 6.1	398 1 357 4 494 6 011 3 930 1 471 987 4.0	32 378 913 1 072 567 201 83 3.8	78 486 1 194 1 158 670 94 84 3.6	86 217 754 1 168 673 149 93 3.9	41 96 612 1 204 874 364 261 4.3	161 180 1 021 1 409 1 146 663 466 4.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing far exclusive use  0.50 or less  0.51 to 1.00  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use  0.50 or less  0.51 to 1.00  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more	41 040 23 325 16 783 887 45 220 167 53	5 989 3 228 2 675 86  19 2 17 	5 367 2 439 2 818 106 4 - - -	8 711 4 330 4 135 241 5 17 17	11 632 7 103 4 239 267 23 58 34 24	9 341 6 225 2 916 187 13 126 114	18 200 12 537 5 313 287 63 448 256 184 8	3 220 2 244 934 42 - 26 18 8	3 713 2 648 994 42 29 51 48 3	3 097 2 029 987 75 6 43 24	3 382 2 195 1 103 70 14 70 44 26	4 788 3 421 1 295 58 14 258 122 128 8
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person  2 persons  3 persons  4 persons  5 persons  6 or more persons  Medion  Total persons	5 098 11 791 7 240 8 480 5 037 3 614 3.02	367 1 449 1 205 1 725 873 389 3.49	381 1 168 901 1 558 834 525 3.65	597 2 087 1 751 1 983 1 379 931 3.46 30 606	1 810 4 057 2 016 1 964 1 065 778 2.49 34 120	1 943 3 030 1 367 1 250 886 991 2.42 28 252	8 217 5 558 2 455 1 475 609 334 1.70	1 486 1 024 435 202 74 25 1.63	1 972 1 011 407 270 75 29 1.45	1 316 974 425 263 128 34 1.76	1 191 1 101 515 384 148 113 1.99	2 252 1 448 673 356 184 133 1.69
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2  3 and 4  5 to 9  10 to 49  50 or more  Mobile home or trailer, etc	38 639 1 407 123 84 91 3 913	5 478 138 28 17 27 - 320	4 776 179 9 9 34 — 360	8 325 159 4 31 - 209	11 406 230 14 4 16 -	8 654 701 68 23 14 3	3 828 5 605 2 513 2 348 3 086 1 118 150	370 825 277 477 941 338	355 597 329 883 1 148 385 67	523 775 392 523 668 200 59	1 239 1 390 551 143 108 18	1 341 2 018 964 322 221 177 3
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot woter system Central warm-oir furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility ga Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	41 255 7 293 30 920 547 442 2 053 15 597 4 273 11 324 41 255 31 800 1 184 844 6 676 751 1 583 3.8	6 008 1 103 4 203 406 12 284 1 929 1 032 897 6 008 3 321 165 615 1712 195 137 2.3	5 367 1 234 3 910 69 32 122 2 144 789 1 355 5 367 4 529 177 98 482 144 2.7	8 728 2 792 5 646 8 62 220 3 876 1 144 2 732 8 728 7 740 291 21 576 100 202 2.3	11 685 843 10 242 7 130 463 4 844 1 019 3 825 11 685 9 460 148 37 1 911 129 462 4.0	9 467 1 321 6 919 57 206 964 2 804 2 89 2 515 9 467 6 750 403 73 1 995 6 638 6.7	18 646 5 883 9 309 1 306 367 1 781 6 781 943 5 838 18 646 14 275 387 2 092 1 626 3 333 17.9	3 246 929 1 388 808 35 86 1 780 259 1 521 3 246 1 782 30 1 085 337 12 388 12.0	3 764 1 833 1 588 275 19 49 2 164 3 801 3 764 3 096 34 514 72 48 666 17.7	3 140 1 349 1 487 78 29 197 1 320 167 1 153 3 140 2 658 67 243 149 23 526 16.8	3 452 507 2 149 84 128 663 76 587 3 452 2 854 93 131 343 31 744 21.6	5 044 1 265 2 697 61 156 865 854 78 776 5 044 3 885 163 119 725 152 1 009 20.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$35,000 or \$49,999. \$50,000 or more. Median Meon.	2 162 4 060 2 085 2 212 6 651 8 002 9 763 4 407 1 918 \$22 135 \$24 311	113 235 156 227 889 1 346 1 949 737 356 \$25 128 \$27 673	160 250 154 278 876 1 225 1 564 576 284 \$23 959 \$25 969	247 580 350 348 1 200 1 696 2 400 1 295 612 \$24 832 \$28 400	726 1 335 785 689 2 147 2 267 2 149 1 178 414 \$20 338 \$22 657	916 1 660 640 670 1 539 1 468 1 701 621 252 \$17 803 \$19 512	3 828 4 787 1 922 1 803 3 070 1 712 1 088 345 93 \$10 922 \$12 751	506 660 414 293 609 417 233 103 11 \$12 867 \$14 363	899 990 336 337 565 301 257 57 22 \$9 965 \$12 204	557 724 358 300 594 326 188 73 20 \$12 018 \$13 935	656 934 287 405 620 323 160 51 16 \$11 185 \$12 579	1 210 1 479 527 468 682 345 250 61 24 \$9 425 \$11 501

### Table A=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(	Owner-occupied h	nousing units				Re	enter-occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	l unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	l unit, detoched or ottoched	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units  Condominium housing units	<b>41 260</b> 126	<b>38 639</b> 58	1 7 <b>08</b> 68	913	<b>18 648</b> 56	3 828	5 605	2 513	2 348	3 <b>086</b> 24	1 118 26	150
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families  15 to 24 years	32 588 974	31 111 760	<b>935</b> 40	<b>542</b> 174	5 559 1 479	1 <b>838</b> 388	<b>2 166</b> 547	<b>461</b> 227	<b>403</b> 142	<b>428</b> 115	<b>202</b> 32	61 28
25 to 34 years	8 706 7 257 11 514	8 237 7 116 11 140	304 101 292	165 40 82	1 928 624 796	675 271 331	830 276 306	103 35 32	163 28 33	109 14 49	25 - 37	23
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	4 137 <b>2 778</b>	3 858 2 293	198 <b>312</b>	81 173	732 <b>4 527</b>	173 771	207 1 191	64 <b>716</b>	37 <b>558</b>	141 1 028	108 <b>223</b>	2
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	271 803 430	182 630 350	47 111	42 62 30	1 597 1 561	216 303	475 464 87	317 242 47	165 240	364 268	35 37	40 25 7
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over	628 646	552 579	50 44 60	30 32 7	488 496 385	66 81 105	101 64	55 55	83 42 28	171 151 74	34 58 59	8
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	<b>5 894</b> 133	<b>5 235</b> 90	<b>461</b> 23	198 20	8 562 2 519	1 219 244	<b>2 248</b> 708	1 336 517	1 <b>387</b> 489	1 630 535	<b>693</b> 17	<b>49</b>
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors	654 735 1 776	577 645 1 590	47 73 109	30 17 77	2 053 707 1 097	359 169 193	68 <b>6</b> 207 313	352 81 159	327 96 151	309 127 195	14 25 75	6   2   11
65 yeors and over	2 596 <b>45.9</b>	2 333 46.0	209 <b>47.8</b>	54 <b>33.4</b>	2 186 <b>30.2</b>	254 <b>32.</b> 7	334 <b>29.0</b>	227 27.0	324 <b>28.5</b>	464 31.8	562 71.4	21 27.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	4 476	4 008	239	229	9 094	1 638	2 744	1 338	1 195	1 729	387	63
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	11 399 7 255 9 083	10 523 6 743 8 752	487 286 266	389 226 65	6 430 1 788 739	1 204 396 262	1 978 523 233	833 170 82	903 210 18	1 013 241 80	427 239 58	72 9 6
1959 or eorlier ROOMS	9 047	8 613	430	4	597	328	127	90	22	23	7	-
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	5 81 338	41 207	5 24 77	16 54	398 1 357 4 494	13 32 172	18 87 519	44 214 1 026	40 303 875	185 486 1 305	98 230 588	5 9
4 rooms5 rooms	4 238 11 575	3 291 10 754	494 487	453 334	6 011 3 930	1 008 1 210	2 406 1 727	788 354	810 277	791 259	116 71	92 32
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	10 856 14 1 <b>6</b> 7 5.9	10 402 13 944	403 218 5.0	51 5	1 471 987	656 737 5.1	643 205	70 17	31 12	48 12	15	8 4
Medion PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	41 040	6.0 <b>38 464</b>	1 667	4.4 909	4.0 18 <b>200</b>	3 760	4.4 5 521	3.5 <b>2 460</b>	3.4 2 253	3.2 2 995	2.9 1 <b>061</b>	4.2 150
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	23 325 16 783	21 598 15 982	1 161 474	566 327	12 537 5 313	2 203 1 462	3 638 1 769	1 765 661	1 697 523	2 259 665	881 180	94 53
1.01 to 1.50	887 45 <b>220</b>	846 38 175	25 7 <b>41</b>	16 - 4	287 63 <b>448</b>	86 9 <b>68</b>	96 18 <b>84</b>	15 19 <b>53</b>	33 - 95	54 17 <b>91</b>	- 57	3
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	167 53	137 38	26 15	4 -	256 184	54 12	47 31	50 3	55 40	41 50	9 48	=
1.01 to 1.50	_	-	_	-	<u>8</u>	2 -	6 -	-	_	_	Ξ	-
None	7 796	2 551	5 191	_ 54	485 6 609	13 327	28 963	65 1 350	51 1 288	223 1 822	105 843	16
2	8 192 21 964 8 754	6 719 21 230 8 626	880 473 123	593 261 5	8 269 2 668 472	1 735 1 224 413	3 501 1 046 57	927 157	909 93	941 100	160 10	96 38
5 or more	1 547	1 511	36	-	145	116	10	12	7	-	=	=
Less thon \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	2 162 4 060	1 953 3 576	121 305	88 179	3 828 4 787	444 838	877 1 309	707 727	561 690	669 899	530 305	40 19
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	2 085 2 212 6 651	1 804 1 987 6 193	177 111 <b>263</b>	104   114   195	1 922 1 803 3 070	359 380 808	566 664 1 093	292 225 365	284 265 288	345 197 451	45 71 30	31 1 35
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	8 002 9 763	7 648 9 339	249 3 <b>2</b> 3	105 101	1 712 1 088	524 354	555 381	112 53	129 94	316 146	67 52	9 8
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion	4 407 1 918 \$22 135	4 293 1 846 \$22 481	99 60 \$17 540	15 12 \$14 375	345 93 \$10 922	96 25 \$14 296	137 23 \$12 690	19 13 \$8 853	37 \$9 455	36 27 \$9 864	13 5 \$5 361	\$11 290
MeanSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$24 311	\$24 724	\$19 676	\$15 527	\$12 751	\$15 301	\$13 785	\$10 851	\$10 951	\$12 153	\$8 596	\$12 236
Steom or hot woter system Centrol worm-air furnoce or electric heat pump	<b>41 255</b> 7 293 30 920	<b>38 639</b> 6 927 28 936	<b>1</b> 7 <b>03</b> 360 1 189	<b>913</b> 6 795	18 646 5 883 9 309	3 828 432 2 624	<b>5 605</b> 750 3 794	2 513 868 1 024	<b>2 346</b> 1 351 719	<b>3 086</b> 1 778 <b>72</b> 8	1 118 688 291	150 16 129
Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furnace	547 442	517 373	29 20	1 49	1 306 367	88 129	188 138	199 67	200 15	496 13	134 5	- 1 -
Other means  Air conditioning  Centrol system	2 053 <b>15 597</b> 4 273	1 886 <b>14 543</b> 3 991	105 7 <b>12</b> 157	62 <b>342</b> 125	1 781 <b>6 781</b> 943	555 <b>843</b> 143	735 <b>1 117</b> 157	355 <b>576</b> 40	61 <b>1 304</b> 86	71 <b>2 271</b> 339	623 165	4 47 13
Vehicles avoilable	<b>39 685</b> 12 655	<b>37 214</b> 11 441	1 583 768	<b>888</b> 446	15 080 10 016	3 <b>426</b> 1 758	4 807 2 859	1 <b>858</b> 1 416	1 804 1 370	2 515 2 034	531 469	139 110
2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos	27 030 <b>41 255</b> 31 800	25 773 <b>38 639</b> 29 656	815 <b>1 703</b> 1 399	442 <b>913</b> 745	5 064 <b>18 646</b> 14 275	1 668 <b>3 828</b> 2 720	1 948 <b>5 605</b> 4 661	442 <b>2 513</b> 1 981	434 <b>2 346</b> 1 838	481 <b>3 086</b> 2 133	62 1 118 845	29 <b>150</b> 97
Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity	1 184 844	1 102 786	1 377 16 48	66 10	387 2 092	154 202	94 314	51 313	34 330	13 728	7 204	34 1
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	6 676 751	6 385 710	208 32	83	1 626 266	669 83	512 24	135 33	131 13	154 58	7 55	18
Water heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	<b>41 185</b> 31 435 1 587	<b>38 574</b> 29 445 1 483	1 7 <b>02</b> 1 362 48	909 628 56	18 608 13 699 420	3 800 2 700 205	<b>5 605</b> 4 702 79	2 501 1 892 35	<b>2 348</b> 1 574 32	<b>3 086</b> 1 970 39	1 118 789 -	1 <b>50</b> 72 30
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	7 516 613	7 016 596	279 13	221	4 255 194	871 24	785 39	535 25	700 42	1 015 57	301 7	48
Other Family householder With own children under 18 years	34 <b>35 583</b> 20 969	34 33 <b>83</b> 1 20 130	1 130 499	622 340	40 <b>8 425</b> 4 881	2 624 1 710	3 <b>253</b> 1 968	14 <b>826</b> 494	<b>731</b> 405	5 <b>699</b> 232	21 <b>219</b> 22	73 50
With own children under 6 yeors Female householder, on husband present	8 381 <b>2 340</b>	7 866 <b>2 134</b>	252 <b>141</b>	263 <b>65</b>	3 143 <b>2 436</b>	997 <b>691</b>	1 300 <b>924</b>	366 <b>318</b>	285 <b>288</b>	132 <b>189</b>	17 <b>17</b>	46 9
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder	1 281 291 <b>5 677</b>	1 165 252 <b>4 808</b>	79 20 <b>578</b>	37 19 <b>291</b>	1 913 1 020 <b>10 223</b>	549 289 1 <b>204</b>	751 410 <b>2 352</b>	242 144 <b>1 687</b>	227 121 1 <b>61</b> 7	131 50 <b>2 387</b>	5 - 899	8 6 77
Percent below poverty level	1 583 3.8	1 <b>435</b> 3.7	7 <b>0</b> 4.1	<b>78</b> 8.5	<b>3 333</b> 17.9	<b>582</b> 15.2	978 17.4	<b>591</b> 23.5	<b>366</b> 15.6	<b>563</b> 18.2	<b>223</b> 19.9	30 20.0

### Table A=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Dato die estimo		dilipie, see illiiv	duction. For me	aning or symbols,	, see illiodociioi	i. Tor definition	S OF Terms, See	appendixes A 0	na bj	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	<b>41 260</b> 1 012	5 098 -	11 <b>791</b> 447	<b>7 240</b> 235	<b>8 480</b> 109	5 <b>037</b> 94	2 281 40	<b>905</b> 48	<b>428</b> 39	<b>3.02</b> 2.75	133 355 3 388
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	424 4 238 11 575 10 856 7 161 7 006 5.9	222 1 492 1 601 1 006 458 319 5.0	155 1 865 4 058 3 064 1 459 1 190 5.5	39 570 2 197 1 991 1 352 1 091 5.9	250 2 141 2 532 1 766 1 791 6.2	8 59 1 182 1 356 1 126 1 306 6.4	- 2 301 624 612 742 6.8	- 84 213 262 346 7.1	- 11 70 126 221 7.6	1.45 1.84 2.56 3.18 3.68 4.00	761 8 601 33 143 35 681 26 491 28 678
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	41 040 40 108 887 45 220 220	5 006 5 006 - 92 92	11 735 11 730 5 56 56	7 193 7 187 6 - 47 47 -	8 460 8 460 	5 035 4 968 59 8 2 2	2 278 1 975 303 - 3 3 3 -	905 608 297 - - - -	<b>428</b> 174 222 32  	3.03 2.96 6.75 8.5+ 1.82 1.82	132 877 126 386 6 123 368 478 478
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc VALUE	38 639 1 708 913	4 334 502 262	10 899 586 306	6 828 235 177	8 143 222 115	4 897 102 38	2 244 25 12	869 33 3	425 3 -	3.10 2.10 2.14	125 511 5 587 2 257
Specified owner-occupled housing units Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more Median	35 260 91 1 023 3 706 6 103 7 629 6 373 7 064 1 947 1 098 226 \$48 800	4 001 22 290 1 005 1 039 793 410 307 93 42 - \$36 300	9 980 31 405 1 349 2 034 2 250 1 681 1 573 401 204 52 \$45 400	6 263 18 145 528 1 053 1 368 1 241 1 256 366 248 40 \$50 100	7 607 18 88 418 963 1 606 1 578 2 057 535 288 56 \$54 300	4 457 47 220 524 1 036 937 1 149 282 203 59 \$54 300	1 948 - 40 106 301 412 336 485 191 58 19 19 \$52 400	710 -2 62 116 112 157 169 48 44 - \$52 500	294 2 6 18 73 52 33 68 31 11  \$49 500	3.08 2.26 2.05 2.13 2.49 3.06 3.38 3.69 3.71 3.69 3.88	234 2 414 8 645 17 307 24 287 21 402 25 065 6 891 4 496 1 072
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All Income levels in 1979  Median income  Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	<b>41 260</b> \$22 135	<b>5 098</b> \$8 214 27.0	11 791 \$19 839	<b>7 240</b> \$23 912	<b>8 480</b> \$24 409	<b>5 037</b> \$25 331	<b>2 281</b> \$26 576	<b>905</b> \$27 201	<b>428</b> \$33 015	3.02	133 355
With a mortgage	20.0 11.8 <b>1 583</b> \$3 200	28.8 25.9 <b>581</b> \$2 595	20.3 12.6 <b>315</b> \$3 037	20.3 10— <b>217</b> \$2 854	19.9 10— <b>182</b> \$4 526	19.1 10 127 \$5 163	17.8 10— <b>93</b> \$5 737	17.4 10— 40 \$3 571	14.1 10— <b>28</b> \$10 781	2.17	
household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	50+ 50+ 50+	50 + 50 + 50 +	50 + 50 + 48.6	50 + 50 + 50 +	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 13.3	50 + 50 + 50 +	30.0 30.0	40.8 45.8 23.8	•••	
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	18 648 2 444	8 217 -	<b>5 558</b> 1 676	2 455 447	<b>1 475</b> 199	<b>609</b> 65	1 <b>82</b> 32	<b>88</b> 25	64 -	1.70 2.23	<b>37 986</b> 6 007
ROOMS  1 room	398 1 357 4 494 6 011 3 930 1 471 987 4.0	364 1 111 3 355 2 203 847 229 108 3.3	34 213 950 2 403 1 317 417 224 4.2	27 126 971 842 358 131 4.6	- 4 63 362 508 318 220 5.1	- 45 291 104 169 5.4	- 2 - 13 78 25 64 5.5	- - 14 38 8 28 5.3	- - 9 12 43 8.0	1.05 1.11 1.17 1.83 2.35 2.75 3.64	429 1 631 5 700 11 857: 10 521 4 289 3 559
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 200 17 850 287 63 448 440 8	7 898 7 898 - 319 319 -	5 499 5 465 - 34 59 59 -	2 399 2 374 25 - 56 54 2	1 470 1 403 63 4 5	606 561 45 - 3 3 -	176 89 85 2 6 -	88 28 46 14 - -	64 32 23 9 - -	1.72 1.69 5.62 2.43 1.20 1.19 5.83	37 330 35 468 1 604 258 656 630 26
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attoched  2  3 and 4  5 to 9  10 to 49  50 or more  Mobile hame or trailer, etc.	3 828 5 605 2 513 2 348 3 086 1 118 150	847 3 677 1 349 1 386 1 990 899 69	1 131 2 061 764 577 802 197	758 943 255 252 201 12 34	588 577 95 99 88 10	300 241 36 24 5	126 51 	50 38 	28 17 14 5 - -	2.44 2.05 1.43 1.35 1.28 1.12	10 759 12 995 4 304 3 818 4 478 1 342 290
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	18 238 1 076 1 379 4 006 5 209 3 070 1 926 670 369 78 455 \$222	8 141 970 2 475 2 381 762 334 91 33 10 161 \$194	5 443 63 335 1 037 1 767 1 223 591 152 94 19 162 \$234	2 375 41 44 273 624 658 484 138 58 - 55 \$265	1 399 45 25 154 264 285 349 134 67 34 42 \$282	577 3 2 43 132 97 117 106 60 7 10 \$303	164 - 16 28 31 10 39 27 7 6 \$320	77 - 3 8 - 9 29 10 8 - 10 \$323	62 - - 13 5 12 - 22 1 9 \$335	1.68 1.08 1.21 1.31 1.63 2.13 2.58 3.17 3.49 3.79 1.91	36 831 1 236 1 901 6 273 9 720 7 197 5 409 2 341 1 392 299 1 063
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Median gross rent os percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median gross rent os percentage of household income	18 648 \$10 922 24.2 3 333 \$3 496 50+	8 217 \$7 818 26.4 1 416 \$2 542 50+	5 558 \$14 199 20.7 <b>828</b> \$4 110 50+	2 455 \$13 001 24.6 492 \$4 147 50+	1 475 \$14 038 24.7 342 \$5 538 50+	\$14 922 24.9 <b>142</b> \$6 491 50+	182 \$19 286 19.3 20 \$8 333 38.5	\$8 \$12 708 45.9 <b>56</b> \$7 188 50+	\$10 714 34.6 <b>37</b> \$2 750 50+	1.70  1.80 	37 986  

Table A=10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

			Married	Married-couple families	S			Male householder,	no wife	present		"	Female householder,	lder, no husband present	d present		
The SMSA	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 , years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Median
· Owner-occupied housing units	41 260	974	8 706	7 257	11 514	4 137	172	803	430	628	946	133	654	735	1 776	2 596	45.9
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Addin ———————————————————————————————————	5 098 11 791 7 240 8 480 5 037 3 614 3 355	544 290 116 24 24 24 2 577	1 718 1 930 3 183 1 418 457 3.72 31 746	341 723 2 360 2 055 1 778 4 60 34 364	3 842 2 898 2 187 1 350 1 237 40 191	3 510 449 148 13 17 2.09 9 211	138 106 27 27 148 148	534 165 60 38 6 6 6 1.25	252 87 83 22 22 22 7 1.35 766	342 150 76 76 42 18 18 1.42	485 109 45 5 2 1.17 878	65 33 35 1.55 224	175 170 191 79 11 2.39 1 582	81 113 193 192 106 50 3.40 2 570	894 502 228 104 25 23 3 207	2 132 401 42 42 4 4 1.11 3 142	65.5 58.7 45.8 39.7 42.6
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	41 040 932 220	972 4 2	8 702 128 4	7 245 432 12	11 474 328 40	4 085 7 52	269 5 2	791	427	605 - - -	603	33	654	735 23 -	1 757 1 91	2 588 5 8	45.8 42.7 63.9
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979																	
With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more 35 percent or more Not computed Median Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed A Median Less than 10 percent 25 to 29 percent 26 to 29 percent 27 to 29 percent 28 to 29 percent 29 to 29 percent 29 to 29 percent 20 to 34 percent 20 to 34 percent 20 to 34 percent 20 to 35 percent 20 to 34 percent 20 to 35 percent 20 to 35 percent 20 to 35 percent 20 to 36 percent 20 to 37 percent 20 to 38 percent 20 to 38 percent 20 to 39 percent 20 to 30 percen	35 26 5 686 5 5 686 6 5 686 6 5 686 6 6 686 6 6 686 6 6 786 6 7 783 6 7 783 6 7 783 6 7 8 783 6 8 9 36 6 8 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	209 679 679 589 1153 205 107 80 80 75 75 75 107 107	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	6 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	9 818 2 5 135 2 495 1 260 573 372 157 157 168 1 010 188 188 188 199 106 188 190 106 188 188 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190	3.425 6.59 6.39 6.39 6.39 7.20 7.20 7.20 6.20 6.20 6.20 6.20 6.20 6.20 6.20 6	258 229 229 280 30 288 240 747 7	530 530 61 88 111 101 102 72 72 24.7 37 14 14 14 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	23.8 23.3 23.8 33.3 20.9 20.9 22.4 22.4 22.4 22.4 22.4 23.6 20.9 20.9 20.9 20.9 20.9 20.9 20.9 20.9	235 235 67 67 67 84 14 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	288 288 3 3 3 3 468 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7	32 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	561 601 601 707 708 838 848 263 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 20	525 325 325 335 335 31.0 20 20 20 20 21 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	255 266 277 277 277 277 277 277 277 277 277	2 133 1333 134 135 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 10	<b>4.4.4.</b> 33.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.
Renter-occupied housing units	18 648	1 479	1 928	624	796	732	1 597	1 561	488	496	385	2 519	2 053	707	1 097	2 186	30.2
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Median Total persons	8 217 5 558 2 455 1 475 609 33 986	708 501 199 49 22 22 4 172	586 524 551 191 76 322 6 462	110 114 114 155 155 178 2718	438 129 129 55 52 2.41 2.82	633 70 16 9 2.08 1 638	874 553 116 26 15 13 1,41	1 111 385 43 143 1.20 2 201	394 64 18 1,12 672	410 52 32 32 2 1,10 627	335 50 50 1, 07 436	1 159 935 313 112  1.61 4 367	888 576 357 158 68 6 1.74 4 078	253 143 136 136 43 220 1 865	783 171 82 22 27 1.20 1 611	2 010 154 154 2 0 1.04 2 308	36.0 27.6 27.4 30.1 34.4 37.7
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 200 350 448	1 459 38 20 -	1 920 70 8	010 44 45 8	796 27 -	721	1 561 29 36 -	1 516 19 45 2	456 32 -	467 - 29	320	2 460 47 59	2 011 11 42 -	694 23 13	1 081 17 16 16	2 128 2 58	30.0 29.8 37.5 41.7
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979  Specified renter-occupied housing units. Less than 15 percent. 15 to 19 percent. 25 to 29 percent. 35 to 34 percent. 50 percent and the special and the	18 238 3 319 3 124 2 763 1 781 1 781 2 967 2 967 2 715	1 439 284 284 284 451 255 146 50 94 108 19.5	1 816 347 347 376 119 119 98 139 61	<b>596</b> 155 161 101 101 60 60 50 50 21.2 21.2	739 156 103 103 32 32 45 60 100 100 100	710 80 121 115 65 104 123 31 25.3	1 590 313 313 162 163 162 149 245 280 280 287	1 549 508 508 423 223 125 65 77 114 18.1	486 175 111 114 41 6 82 13 13 17.5	463 216 216 41 51 22 13 15.4	37 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	2 505 296 296 350 350 206 206 206 368 716 45 45	2 033 196 310 405 198 198 162 265 265 456 41 27.1	<b>695</b> 1 18 66 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	1 087 189 189 122 147 147 226 226 42 27.5	2 159 225 225 292 292 290 290 217 462 462 32.1	30.1 28.6 28.6 31.0 31.0 33.3 56.3

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oato are estimates bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

100				Male hous				Female householder						
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	
Ourse counted baseline units	5 098	1 751	138	534	252	342	485	3 347	65	175	81	894	2 132	
Owner-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 006 92	1 676 75	136 2	522 12	249 3	326 16	443 42	3 330 17	65 ~	175	81 -	881 13	2 128 4	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched	4 334	1 407	86	405	194	298	424	2 927	45	135	63	774	1 910	
2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	502 262	209 135	20 32	83 46	28 30	24 20	54 7	293 127	9 11	27 13	18 -	68 52	171 ! 51	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	1 382	226	14	14	6	38	154	1 156	7	_	15	174	960	
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 515 465	336 136	9 17 31	36 40 79	18 17 15	49 34 63	224 28	1 179 329 158	21 8	45 55 24	18 6	294 119	801 141	
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	368 747 324	210 414 219	62	182 103	64 62	73 43	22 33 11	333 105	20	40 11	23 12	78 159 25	56 91 48	
\$25,000 to \$34,999\$35,000 to \$49,999	174 60	129 33	5 -	66 7	31 24	27 -	_ 2	45 27	-	-	7	32 13	13 7	
\$50,000 or mare Median	\$8 214	48 \$14 613	\$14 839	7 \$17 290 \$18 056	15 \$20 313 \$24 942	15 \$14 484 \$16 471	\$6 569 \$8 351	15 \$6 546 \$8 865	\$11 406	\$11 932	\$15 268	\$9 535	\$5 416	
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$11 208	\$15 689	\$13 480	\$10 030	<b>\$24 742</b>	φ10 4/1	\$0 331	\$0.000	\$12 820	\$12 802	\$14 700	\$11 046	\$7 284	
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units	4 001 1 231	1 248	76 70	364 347	184 165	262 108	362 17	2 753 522	45 39	128 128	63	703	1 814	
With a mortgage	119 119 109	<b>709</b> 24 46	<b>72</b> 8 3	18	7 11	14	9	95 63	- -	6 13	<b>48</b> 7 -	1 <b>95</b> 53 22	112 29 28	
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	236 201	128 133	2 25	80 35	20 54	26 13	- 6	108 68	10 7	34 20	8 13	43 22	13	
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	177   185   101	119 95 76	16 9 7	57 48 29	22 17 33	24 19 7	2	58 90 25	- 8 7	13 34 8	5 - 7	27 28	13 20 3	
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	88 15	80 8	2	73 7	- 1	5	-	8 7	7	-	8 -	=	-	
Median Nat martgaged	\$338 2 770	\$360 <b>539</b>	\$346 <b>4</b>	\$386 17	\$341 <b>19</b>	\$352 <b>154</b>	\$188 <b>34</b> 5	\$298 2 231	\$416 <b>6</b>	\$327 —	\$335 <b>15</b>	\$276 <b>508</b>	\$248 1 702	
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	5   62   197	2 20 53	<u>2</u>	- 3	3 2	6 10	11 38	3 42 144	-	_	_	- 8 23	3 34 115	
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	849 647	167 79	-	2	-	59 26	106 53	682 568	-	-	- 7 -	147 145	528 423	
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	732 190	159 57	2	12	2 12	47 6	96 39	573 133	-	-	- 8	142 14	431 111	
\$250 or more Median	\$136	\$134	\$100	\$165	\$210	\$127	\$133	86 \$136	\$88	_	\$203	29 \$138	57 \$135	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	27.0		25 (		10.0	10.0	05.0	20.7	20.5	21./	97.0	10.0	20.2	
household income in 1979	27.0 28.8 25.9	<b>24.2</b> 26.6 20.0	<b>25.6</b> 26.1 15.0	<b>27.0</b> 27.6 20.3	19.8 21.8 10—	1 <b>8.9</b> 26.5 10.8	<b>25.0</b> 50+ 24.1	<b>28.</b> 7 32.6 27.5	<b>30.5</b> 31.5 12.5	<b>31.6</b> 31.6	<b>27.0</b> 24.5 50+	1 <b>9.8</b> 31.4 18.0	30.3 46.1 29.4	
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	581 11.4	120 6.9	12 8.7	12 2.2	6 2.4	<b>30</b> 8.8	60 12.4	461 13.8	10.8	=	7 8.6	100 11.2	<b>347</b> 16.3	
Renter-occupied housing units	8 217	3 124	874	1 111	394	410	335	5 093	1 159	888	253	783	2 010	
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	7 898	2 931	841	1 077	362	381	270	4 967	1 123	873	247	767	1 957	
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	319	193	33	34	32	29	65	126	36	15	6	16	53	
1, detached or attoched 2 3 and 4	847 1 677 - 1 349	448 663 521	80 226 195	194 259 182	27 64 47	57 79 48	90 35 49	399 1 014 828	42 244 275	55 246 184	24 28 52	91 213 129	187 283 188	
5 to 9	1 386	433 807	112 209	198 237	74 148	21 139	28 74	953 1 183	279 279 294	172 217	59 70	119 152	324 450	
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	899 69	223 29	35 17	<b>37</b>	34	58 8	59 -	676 40	17 8	14	20	68 11	557 21	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	2 692	702	266	106	76	82	172	1 990	391	112	63	260	1 164	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	2 429 905	742 368	311 105	201 166	47 31	55 48	128 18	1 687 537	437 183	311 163	50 27	256 64	633 100	
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	627 937 412	283 586 275	77 89 18	161 310 140	25 100 49	16 74 68	13	344 351 137	50 56 42	143 146 13	31 63 13	74 64 45	46 22 24	
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	141	123 28	8	16 11	46 10	53 7	-	18 23	-	-	- 6	4	14 7	
\$50,000 or more Medion	23 \$7 818	\$10 802	\$7 362	\$13 781	10 \$16 154 \$17 175	7 \$15 294 \$15 798	\$4 919 \$5 833	\$6 551 \$8 228	\$7 023 \$7 362	\$10 322 \$10 450	\$11 250 \$11 620	\$7 530 \$11 955	\$4 614 \$5 868	
GROSS RENT	\$9 658	\$11 990	\$8 194	\$13 588		·								
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	8 141 924 970	<b>3 079</b> 234 350	<b>872</b> 40 86	1 106 42 80	<b>392</b> 32 59	<b>385</b> 39 60	<b>324</b> 81 65	5 062 690 620	1 155 28 118	<b>879</b> 5 91	<b>253</b> 13 5	<b>781</b> 65 138	1 <b>994</b> 579 268	
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	2 475 2 381	1 049 910	386 273	365 401	103 100	121 106	74 30	1 426 1 471	489 385	331 330	67 106	213 208	326 442	
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	762 334	295 118	56 19	134 49	37 29	31 18	37 3	467 216 47	103 21	66 47 9	34 28	94 33 19	170 87 13	
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	91 33 10	44 11 10	6 - 4	21 5	13 6 6	-	4 - -	22	6 - -	- -	-	- -	22	
No cosh rent	161 \$194	58 \$195	2 \$192	9 \$206	7 \$199	10 \$186	30 \$151	103 \$193	5 \$196	\$201	\$215	11 \$192	87 \$173	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in												<u> -</u> , -		
1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level	26.4 1 416	21.9 388	31.4 178	18,7 70	17.6 58	15.2 42	31.0 40 11.9	29.1 1 028 20.2	31.4 341 29.4	23.2 99 11.1	<b>24.6</b> <b>42</b> 16.6	27.5 161 20.6	32.9 385 19.2	
Percent below poverty level	17.2	12.4	20.4	6.3	14.7	10.2	11.7	20.2	27.4	11.1	10.0	20.0	17.2	

Table A -12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 ar mare months
Vacant for sale only housing units	541	140	206	195	Vacant for rent housing units	665	401	170	94
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	41 75 87 150 70 118 5.9	15 6 34 32 17 36 6.0	16 19 20 82 19 50 6.1	10 50 33 36 34 32 5.6	1 room	70 65 187 124 120 50 49 3.6	44 124 48 93 26 22 3.4	16 13 42 37 18 19 25 3.9	10 8 21 39 9 5 2 3.7
PLUMBING FACILITIES	526	138	206	182	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	15	2	206	13	Complete plumbing for exclusive useLocking complete plumbing for exclusive use	599 66	375 26	154 16	70 24
BEDROOMS  None	15 34 120 261 110 1	15 6 18 69 32 -	16 31 106 53	12 71 86 25	BEDROOMS  None	82 267 185 103	56 184 96 48 17	16 55 42 48 5	10 28 47 7
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	6	-	4	2
1975 to Morch 1980	260 28 74 22 52 105	56 16 9 8 6 45	100 2 27 10 33 34	104 10 38 4 13 26	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to Morch 1980  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1950 to 1959  1940 to 1949  1939 or eorlier	66 141 80 38 71 269	32 134 40 20 46 129	30 5 33 6 12 84	4 2 7 12 13 56
1, detoched or attoched	456	115	188	153	UNITS IN 1 YE	207			
2 or more Mobile home or trailer  ::EATING EQUIPMENT	83 2	25 -	18 -	40 2	1, detached ( 3 and 4 5 to 9	128 176 94 95	79 77 77 58	26 54 17 37	23 45 -
Central heating system Other means None	500 39 2	101 39 -	206 - -	193 - 2	10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer	111 47 14	69 30 11	19 17 -	23
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000	434 8 9 63 24 54 59 131 49 37 \$60 000	113 - - 14 - 20 18 33 9 19 \$61 300	184 - 40 16 13 11 56 34 10 \$61 500	137 8 5 9 8 21 30 42 6 8 \$54	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100	650 108 79 236 123 50 35 19 \$180	386 48 43 129 87 34 31 14 \$194	170 54 16 62 19 14 - 5 \$163	94 6 20 45 17 2 4 - \$171

### Table A -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Price asked	Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	sing units		Rent asked—Specified vocant for rent housing units							
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dallars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dallars)	
Total	434	8	72	78	239	37	60 <b>0</b> 00	650	108	315	173	35	19	180	
PLUMBING FACILITIES															
Complete plumbing far exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	<b>423</b>	5 3	72 -	70 8	239	37	60 500 41 600	584 66	68 40	289 26	173	35 _	19 -	190 75	
BEDROOMS															
None	23 68 234 108	- 8 - -	13 19 31 9	10 21 39 8	20 144 75	- - 20 16 1	22 200 41 700 58 300 82 000 200000+	82 267 185 103 7 6	44 33 3 28 - -	38 128 103 38 2 6	92 64 17 -	15 20 -	14 - - 5	87 195 1 <b>7</b> 9 166 430 108	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT															
1975 to March 1980	208 22 72 20 46 66	3 - - - - 5	- 13 8 15 36	- 14 12 27 25	172 18 45  4	33 4 - - - -	69 300 68 800 51 600 45 800 36 900 28 900	66 141 80 38 71 254	12 14 - - - 82	14 62 13 26 52 148	27 44 47 12 19 24	13 7 15 - -	14 5 - -	213 199 220 195 160 150	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE															
1, detached ar attached 2 or mare Mabile hame ar trailer	434 	 	72 	78 	239	37 	60 000	113 523 14	5 94 9	48 262 5	35 138 -	20 15 -	5 14 -	207 177 78	

### Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

{Data are estimates bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	<u>`</u>		£10.000	400.000	£20,000	540.000	# FO OOO	_		ms, see oppen			
Green Bay city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 ta \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollors)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	18 214	36	680	2 487	4 245	4 502	2 <b>9</b> 89	2 270	587	383	35	43 600	46 500
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	13 893	18	345	1 450	3 017	3 645	2 564	2 007	494	327	26	45 900	48 700
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	373 3 572	- 9	5 31	65 193	128 831	96 1 000	61 878	18 452	92	79	7	39 100 47 600	40 600 49 700
35 to 44 years	2 521 5 326 2 101	- 5 4	17 161 131	236 520 436	398 1 118 542	662 1 296 591	380 1 027	514 888	179 184	124 119	11 8	49 200 46 800	54 800 49 200
65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	1 207 92	7	67	294 31	296 20	240 16	218 <b>117</b> 15	135 <b>118</b> 10	39 39	23 -	6	38 700 <b>37 700</b> 33 800	39 700 <b>42 200</b> 39 200
25 to 34 years	319 161	-	- 19	72 7	68 63	79 6	46 23	29 32	12 4	7 7	6 ~	42 000 36 700	47 200 46 000
45 to 64 years65 years and over	321 314	7 - 11	42 6 <b>268</b>	68 116 <b>743</b>	50 95 <b>932</b>	70 69 <b>617</b>	26 7	36 11	13 10	9 -	-	38 900 35 200	41 800 36 600
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	<b>3 114</b> 41 412	-	31	19 61	16 147	6 78	<b>308</b> - 70	145 - 18	54 	33 - 7	3 -	35 600 35 500 38 100	38 100 34 200 41 200
35 to 44 years	290 929	11	6 47	35 208	61 263	91 219	67 70	25 61	34	5 16	-	43 100 37 100	44 5 <b>0</b> 0 40 700
65 years and over	1 442 <b>49.2</b>	56.3	184 <b>63.7</b>	420 <b>59.2</b>	445 <b>52.3</b>	223 <b>47.5</b>	101 <b>44.2</b>	41 <b>45.7</b>	20 <b>45.3</b>	40.6	3 <b>42.0</b>	32 400	34 500
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	1 773	_	16	169	311	450	350	302	39	119	17	48 500	54 400
1975 to 1978	4 504 2 798	5 14	117 55	387 284	1 002	936 781	971 473	689 452	242 122	148 46	7 5	47 900 46 600	50 900 48 900
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 200 4 939	7 10	156 336	401 1 246	902 1 464	1 230 1 105	743 452	574 253	124 60	60 10	3 3	45 400 35 600	47 200 37 600
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	148	4	53	54	18	-	6	6	-	7	-	24 200	29 500
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	2 152 5 773 4 979	10 16 6	206 170 175	687 856 497	838 1 504 1 107	314 1 884 1 319	51 1 054 1 047	27 261 679	6 22 113	10 6 31	3 - 5	31 900 41 800 45 300	33 100 41 500 46 200
7 rooms8 or more rooms	2 801 2 361	-	42 34	280 113	468 310	634 351	535 296	655 642	129	58 271	27	49 600 63 000	51 800 66 200
Medion	5.7	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.9	6.7	7.6	8.2	8.5+	•••	•••
BEDROOMS None	_ 314	_	_   78	109	_ 58	_ 52	_ 6	-		- 7	-	27 800	_ 30 500
2 3	4 154 9 796	17	324 233	1 247 794	1 403 2 091	689 2 883	278 2 088	143 1 292	25 260	20 146	8 –	33 300 46 100	35 500 47 700
5 or more	3 446 504	6	39 6	264 73	615 78	725 153	576 41	800 35	245· 57	155 55	27 -	51 300 46 500	56 200 55 300
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	1 638	_	_	_	18	134	464	630	174	201	17	65 400	72 000
1970 to 1974	1 462 3 458	19	15	5 64	118 341	453 1 048	405 991	308 727	120 173	34 91	- 8	52 700 52 100	56 800 55 600
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	4 565 2 482 4 609	6 4 7	90 93 482	504 551 1 363	1 309 925 1 534	1 462 639 766	742 174 213	359 66 180	55 27 38	31 - 26	7 3 -	42 500 36 600 32 500	43 800 37 700 34 600
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979			20	200	244	170	,,		,,			22 500	24 000
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 092   2 034   970	7 15 5	93 230 60	320 578 158	344 628 366	179 341 201	66 158 108	64 41 50	19 43 11	- - 11	_	33 500 33 000 37 300	36 000 34 800 39 400
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	1 095 3 278	-	51 112	192 496	359 800	284 1 007	137 492	49 305	12 47	8 14	3 5	38 800 42 100	40 600 43 100
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,99^ \$35,000 to \$49,999	3 616   3 783	- 9	73   44   11	353 292	798 701	1 112 901	690 912	491 696	50 138 197	49 84 85	- 6 7	45 700 49 400 54 500	46 600 51 300 59 600
\$50,000 or more Median	1 718   628   \$20 881	- \$9 091	\$10 708	84 14 \$14 941	236 13 \$17 485	365 112 \$21 067	327 99 \$24 024	406 168 \$26 329	70 \$30 383	132 \$37 676	14 \$44 222	65 500	75 100
Mean	\$22 507	\$12 539	\$13 537	\$16 625	\$18 151	\$22 339	\$25 421	\$29 499	\$32 503	\$44 882	\$60 068	•••	•••
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979 With a martgage Less than 15 percent	10 <b>574</b> 2 797	6	<b>208</b> 81	<b>974</b> 298	2 312 647	<b>2 711</b> 759	1 <b>974</b> 470	1 <b>603</b> 351	441 118	<b>313</b> 65	32 8	<b>46 700</b> 45 100	<b>50 200</b> 48 400
15 to 19 percent	2 351 2 188	-	27 28	239 197	483 470	654 603	446 409	332 372	118 55	52 54	-	46 600 46 700	49 700 49 700
25 to 29 percent	1 225 762 1 239	6 -	11 19	82 62	260 142	262 211	323 111	179 153	33 37 75	57 27 58	12	49 700 47 300 47 900	53 100 51 300 52 800
35 percent or more Not computed Medion	12 12 20.3	- 27.5	42 - 19.3	96 - 19.0	303 7 20.2	222 - 19.6	215 - 20,9	216 - 21.6	73 5 19.2	23.7	28.3	39 300	57 300
Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent	<b>7 640</b> 2 917	<b>30</b> 14	<b>472</b> 94	1 <b>513</b> 478	1 <b>933</b> 648	1 <b>791</b> 741	1 <b>015</b> 546	<b>667</b> 324	146 42	<b>70</b> 30	3 -	<b>39 300</b> 42 800	<b>41 200</b> 44 000
10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	1 702   963   534	9 -	128 72 72	221 208 128	400 261 174	436 247 85	231 89 32	212 55 27	50 13 6	15 15 10	3	42 100 38 200 33 400	43 400 39 700 36 200
25 to 29 percent	414 299	- -	11 33	156 85	113	68 51	41 19	- 14	25 10	- -	-	32 000 34 400	36 700 37 600
35 percent or more Not computed	750 61 12.6	7	62 - 16.0	205 32 16.0	243 7 13.9	157 6	57 _ 10—	26 9 10.1	- - 13.1	- 11.7	- 17.5	35 500 26 300	35 600 34 100
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	12.0	10—	10.0	10.0	13.7	11.7	,0—	10.1	13.1			•••	•••
1.01 or more persons per room	18 180 316	36 -	667 11	2 480 43	4 238 91	<b>4 495</b> 94	<b>2 989</b> 53	2 270 24	587	383 - -	35 - -	43 700 42 200 23 900	46 500 42 000 27 900
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	34 18 214	36	13 - 680	7 - 2 487	7 - 4 245	7 - 4 502	2 989	2 270	- - 587	383	35	43 600	46 500
Central heating system	17 520 <b>7 666</b>	19 <b>19</b>	550 <b>212</b>	2 297 <b>836</b>	4 103 <b>1 559</b>	4 413 <b>1 939</b>	2 916 1 461	2 232 1 108	582 <b>292</b>	379 <b>234</b>	29 6	44 000 <b>46 200</b>	46 900 <b>49 100</b>
Income in 1979 below poverty level  Percent below poverty level	1 789 <b>752</b> 4.1	5 <b>7</b> 19.4	22 <b>47</b> 6,9	64 188 7.6	194 <b>227</b> 5.3	315 <b>112</b> 2.5	353 69 2.3	468 <b>69</b> 3.0	182 <b>33</b> 5.6	183	3 - -	57 800 36 500	62 700 <b>39 800</b>
Forcem below poverty level	4.1	17,4	0.7	7.0	2.3	2,3	2.3	3.0	J.0				

### Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

			, ,						e 400 A	•		11.4
Green Bay city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Median (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 943	896	1 068	3 057	3 708	2 177	1 138	450	217	22	210	217
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families  15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 years 65 yeors and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 yeors and over Median age	3 364 960 1 104 339 467 494 3 170 1 126 1 083 362 356 243 3 6 409 1 874 1 528 480 841 1 686 30.3	28	144 25 13 35 71 349 105 82 48 61 53 575 138 86 -	516 233 114 36 50 83 975 371 318 70 1 566 559 362 65 205 335 28.0	896 274 338 82 61 141 859 294 361 87 99 18 1 953 641 544 147 218 403 28.8	756 244 226 78 96 112 455 214 150 36 34 21 1966 255 321 124 122 144 28.8	571 135 239 93 35 148 45 77 16 10  419 142 111 56 86 24 30.6	243 22 120 42 59 - 44 166 19 5 - 4 163 18 83 51 7 4 4 32.1	108 10 38 23 32 5 69 19 28 22 - - 40 12 4 24	10 7 - 3 12 6 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	92 10 16 9 20 37 13 7 12 3 12 71 5 5 7 65.1	253 239 264 281 284 220 201 209 211 198 185 148 209 225 254 204 173
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	6 471 4 347 1 247 533 345	326 310 237 13 10	449 339 133 76 71	1 536 1 050 279 114 78	1 834 1 337 327 162 48	1 150 730 167 93 37	677 363 44 41 13	275 134 33 4 4	167 39 6 5	13 9 - -	44 36 21 25 84	224 215 196 213 183
ROOMS	293 1 025 3 356 4 057 2 681 1 046 485 3.9	109 229 514 20 24  2.7	56 138 463 289 73 28 21 3.2	56 242 1 290 966 377 104 22 3.5	40 347 832 1 456 758 206 69 3.9	14 45 204 808 723 290 93 4.5	6 16 39 386 424 165 102 4.8	- 8 - 69 195 130 48 5.3	6 - 16 68 70 57 5.8	6 - - - 16 7.0	- 14 47 39 53 57 5.6	128 191 179 226 255 273 304
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979  All income levels in 1979  Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 943 12 621 8 842 3 547 182 50 322 167 149 6	896 772 664 68 35 5 124 46 78 -	1 068 1 017 831 186 - 51 27 24 - 219	3 057 3 021 2 301 670 22 28 36 31 5	3 708 3 635 2 675 928 26 6 73 40 27 6 -	2 177 2 155 1 414 717 24 — 22 12 10 —	1 138 1 133 571 518 38 6 5 - 5	450 450 146 283 21  - - - - 70	217 217 79 117 16 5	22 22 6 16 - - - - -	210 199 155 44 - - 11 11 11 - - - 23	217 218 209 245 258 194 127 158 99 238
Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room	2 547 151 104	253 35 27 -	209 - 10 -	715 41 19 -	643 6 36	404 7 7 -	188 183 39 5	70 10 - -	47 13 - -	-	23 - - -	206 206 200 193 -
BEDROOMS  None	367 4 861 5 805 1 642 187 81	126 688 77 5 - -	80 636 309 29 - 14	75 1 816 1 046 114 - 6	46 1 369 2 021 235 19 18	22 265 1 435 418 37	6 44 687 344 52 5	18 113 290 24 5	6 - 37 149 15 10	6 - 6 - 7 3	- 25 74 58 33 20	131 183 235 299 320 240
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched  2   5 to 9  10 to 49  50 or more  Mobile home or troiler, etc.	2 073 4 177 2 104 1 586 2 167 801 35	15 30 73 205 126 438 9	113 380 259 112 69 128 7	233 953 885 465 476 39 6	374 1 040 610 656 919 103 6	533 885 194 115 380 63 7	355 521 52 27 177 6	188 233 - 6 16 7	106 100 - - 11	16 - - - - 6 -	140 35 31 - 4	275 233 190 201 221 90 183
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	2 039 2 349 2 104 1 040 1 620 3 791	153 359 87 27 25 245	46 59 77 89 124 673	231 460 410 231 574 1 151	646 784 666 299 431 882	431 365 485 172 268 456	297 205 274 88 115 159	156 92 52 63 32 55	64 21 42 25 29 36	6 - - 3 - 13	9 4 11 43 22 121	246 216 229 223 210 189
STORIES IN STRUCTURE	12 303 640 564	500 396 375	932 136 129	3 006 51 18	3 679 29 19	2 172 5 -	1 132 6 6	450 - -	206 11 11	16 6 6	210 - -	220 88 86
INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Medion	2 245 2 135 1 885 1 339 986 1 600 2 335 418 25.0	164 210 198 180 40 27 40 37 21.4	304 126 171 84 87 158 131 7	595 438 397 321 229 399 628 50 26.1	678 680 434 350 319 437 748 62 25.4	303 434 367 155 134 359 386 39 24.5	136 178 237 152 83 116 223 13 25.4	25 54 37 62 73 83 116 -	40 15 44 26 14 21 57 - 26.8	- - - 9 7 - 6 - 31.4	210	204 222 218 212 217 222 223 207
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditining Centrol system	12 943 11 771 4 606 491	<b>896</b> 864 <b>249</b> 7	1 068 876 205 33	3 057 2 693 852 64	3 708 3 399 1 776 105	2 177 2 043 875 102	1 138 1 072 368 74	<b>450</b> 415 <b>126</b> 42	217 213 61 33	<b>22</b> 22 - -	210 174 94 31	217 219 225 261

### Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning af symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Но	ousehald incor	me in 1979						
Green Bay city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	20 127	1 223	2 388	1 164	1 256	3 583	3 895	4 102	1 841	675	20 578	22 184	832
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Femele householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 65 years and over 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 years and over 65 years and over 65 years and over	15 026 456 3 813 2 661 5 751 2 345 1 466 193 372 371 3 635 61 475 344 1 113 1 642 49.4	280 6 46 48 65 115 117 7 - 36 74 826 14 32 19 142 619 69.6	968 52 37 161 718 240 11 18 19 38 154 180 20 142 277 669 68.7	679 11 622 72 114 420 111 9 19 19 29 44 374 8 80 44 142 100 64.2	883 32 215 129 192 3157 22 58 - 43 34 216 - 51 44 73 48 50.5	2 789 167 1 054 392 817 359 309 36 119 67 61 26 485 19 85 215 81 40.2	3 351 149 1 132 688 1 203 179 276 27 114 54 68 13 268 - 55 34 110 69 40.0	3 730 87 1 006 794 1 695 148 170 12 47 34 62 15 202 	1 720 4 196 333 1 144 43 54 7 18 9 20 - 67 - 21 31 15 50.2	626 - 50 168 360 48 32 - 6 - 15 11 17 6 - 11 48.8	22 879 20 448 21 874 24 770 26 624 12 021 16 776 18 621 19 297 20 040 18 779 8 136 8 709 9 417 11 984 14 602 12 421 6 059	25 181 20 848 23 088 23 088 25 29 920 14 769 17 586 19 395 20 189 20 806 19 580 10 460 11 649 9 293 13 642 15 910 14 289 8 478	267 6 64 72 71 54 88 88 5 16 - 39 28 477 14 84 49 94 236 57.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  1979 to Morch 1980	1 992 5 079 3 081 4 489 5 486	70 147 95 255 656	139 340 250 396 1 263	114 196 156 219 479	123 359 152 246 376	475 1 121 578 680 729	426 1 189 742 909 629	451 1 174 655 1 040 782	131 402 330 580 398	63 151 123 164 174	20 868 21 558 22 042 22 641 14 794	22 537 23 029 24 929 24 058 18 198	85 190 115 138 304
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bortled, tank, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerasene, etc. Other Median rooms  Specified awner-occupied housing units	20 078 335 49 20 122 19 317 8 534 2 008 19 025 7 487 11 538 20 122 17 766 72 180 1 964 140 5.7	1 211 6 12 	2 381 6 7 7 2 383 2 214 771 1 45 1 964 1 665 2 299 2 383 2 099 5 7 2 600 12 5.1	1 159 19 5 - 1 164 1 085 443 67 778 278 1 164 1 044 1 10 1 11 99 - 5.1	1 256 21 - 1 256 1 203 525 92 1 239 714 525 1 256 1 117 6 119 14 5.4	3 583 36 - 3 583 3 460 1 466 294 3 513 1 551 1 962 3 583 3 129 8 401 27 5.5 3 278	3 880 91 15 - 3 895 3 796 1 639 363 3 857 1 165 2 692 3 895 3 443 20 38 353 41 5.7	4 092 99 10 - 4 102 4 015 2 154 484 4 077 757 3 320 4 102 3 631 - 70 380 21 6.0	1 841 45  1 841 1 793 852 318 1 841 1 49 1 655 7 23 148 8 6.4	675 12 - 675 629 364 201 675 80 595 675 617 17 - 32 9	20 580 24 009 20 139 20 581 20 757 22 198 24 986 21 218 14 855 24 719 20 581 20 664 22 222 22 222 500 19 171 20 900 	22 202 25 871 14 849 22 187 22 193 24 055 29 663 23 020 15 898 27 642 22 187 22 376 27 602 24 902 19 983 22 791 	827 24 5 832 769 225 42 675 463 212 832 711 5 7 101 8 5.4
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS  With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median  Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	10 574 454 943 1 925 1 815 1 458 2 017 899 679 384 \$355 7 640 45 290 1 270 1 854 2 843 901 437 \$156	235 32 11 33 57 12 19 5 15 \$336 <b>857</b> -4 64 211 240 252 59 17 \$140	502 104 110 92 67 33 34 28 15 19 \$270 1 532 	335 24 36 90 71 37 33 18 60 \$312 635 - 40 174 208 170 30 13 \$137	624 300 58 164 124 115 79 23 19 12 \$324 471 - 5 20 71 111 205 43 16 \$157	2 285 83 251 417 509 347 427 154 90 7 \$338 <b>993</b> -7 14 161 213 445 108 45 \$161	2 526 61 219 488 464 326 610 202 128 \$355 1 090 - 17 65 267 538 104 99 \$168	2 569 95 178 434 358 359 575 250 205 115 \$381 1 214 129 223 523 246 79 \$173	1 113 11 64 184 150 160 174 152 137 81 \$396 605 - - 29 128 241 125 82 \$180	385 14 16 5 39 24 73 53 74 87 \$541 <b>243</b> — — — — 5 65 60 \$203	22 587 17 143 20 095 21 522 21 023 22 147 23 425 25 014 26 898 32 200 16 569 6 518 7 132 9 903 13 581 19 515 24 489 25 156	24 654 21 014 21 244 22 290 22 841 23 318 25 319 28 049 33 004 36 612 19 536 7 792 9 477 12 535 16 793 21 877 25 482 31 919	297 17 7 54 53 75 29 30 10 22 \$362 455 - 24 57 143 170 44 17 \$151
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 p.rcent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 15 to 19 percent 10 to 14 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent 35 percent 36 percent 37 percent 38 percent 37 percent 39 percent 30 to 34 percent	10 574 2 797 2 351 2 188 1 225 762 1 239 12 20.3 7 640 2 917 1 702 963 534 414 299 750 61	235 	502 18 24 15 26 64 355 46.0 1 532 - 98 372 403 353 183 123 - 23.7	335 12 37 57 85 144 - 33.6 635 276 270 45 13 8 - -	624 7 35 177 132 156 117 28.5 471 33 257 136 6 -	2 285 133 520 702 435 228 267 	2 526 522 745 690 362 134 73 - 20.0 1 090 732 289 59 10 - -	2 569 1 083 748 438 163 77 60 - 16.3 1 214 1 039 175 10-	1 113 724 220 111 40 11 7 - 12.9 605 593 12 - - -	385 298 59 18 10 	22 587 31 024 24 010 21 178 19 651 16 474 10 842 2500—  16 569 28 494 16 475 11 014 7 785 6 650 5 720 3 737 2500— 	24 654 35 149 25 714 22 273 20 734 17 421 11 716 	297 

Table B -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Ì	Doro ore estimo		-			ousehold incom				, 500 0pp0		·	
Green Bay city		Less thon	\$5,000 to	\$10,000 to	\$12,500 to	\$15,000 to	\$20,000 to	\$25,000 to	\$35,000 to	\$50,000 or	Median	Meon	Income in 1979 below poverty
	Total	\$5,000	\$9,999	\$12,499	\$14,999	\$19,999	\$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	more	(dollars)	(dollors)	level
Renter-occupied housing units	13 033	3 060	3 506	1 286	1 197	2 042	1 100	593	201	48	9 928	11 952	2 677
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families	<b>3 408</b> 960	<b>233</b> 74	<b>663</b> 175	<b>312</b> 79	<b>410</b> 154	933 342	<b>467</b> 109	<b>298</b> 27	80	12	<b>15 408</b> 14 968	15 918 14 210	<b>314</b> 88
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors	1 138 339 477	86 17 35	128 68 55	107 26 3 <del>9</del>	137 35 37	346 75 103	215 53 50	95 48 124	24 17 34	-	16 239 16 049 18 750	16 422 17 120 19 746	129 44 43
65 years and over	494 3 177	21 <b>630</b>	237 <b>665</b>	61 <b>374</b>	47 322	67 <b>556</b>	40 <b>367</b>	166	5 <b>72</b>	12 <b>25</b>	9 783 11 962	13 552 13 310	10 <b>563</b>
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 126 1 083 362	259 110 82	325 152 44	139 140 22	113 161 31	122 284 66	86 151 56	37 66 41	38 12 15	7 7 5	9 638 14 666 15 200	11 644 14 971 16 095	300 135 72
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over	363 243	67 112	56 88	55 18	11 6	65 19	74 -	22	7	6	13 295 5 365	15 237 6 593	37 19
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	6 <b>448</b> 1 884	2 197 623	2 178 661	600 155	<b>465</b> 132	<b>553</b> 150	<b>266</b> 122	1 <b>29</b> 36	49	11 5	<b>7 181</b> 7 221	9 187 8 835	1 <b>800</b> 786
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	1 536 487 846	318 102 255	578 136 272	180 84 81	175 43 65	167 77 92	56 29 32	49 6 24	13 10 19	- 6	8 984 10 164 8 116	10 121 11 103 12 457	407 131 188
65 years and over Median age	1 695 <b>30.3</b>	899 <b>37.4</b>	531 <b>31.0</b>	100 <b>29.2</b>	50 <b>28.1</b>	67 <b>28.6</b>	27 <b>29.4</b>	14 <b>34.1</b>	7 37.5	42.5	4 842	6 551	288 <b>26.9</b>
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	6 485 4 374 1 281	1 608 935 376	1 809 1 121 345	670 415 108	635 392 112	837 811 200	545 397 74	259 202 54	92 95 12	30 6	9 489 10 789 8 830	11 614 12 329 10 667	1 774 677 156
1960 to 1969	548 345	92 49	127 104	69 24	32 26	127 67	45 39	56 22	2	- 12	11 993 12 031	13 368 16 047	47 23
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 711 8 869	2 884 2 343	3 <b>421</b> 2 389	1 269 877	1 170 720	2 031 1 365	1 100 715	<b>593</b> 308	195 111	<b>48</b> 41	10 099 9 344	12 080 11 491	2 573 1 589
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	3 610 182 50	477 45 19	956 48 28	361 28 3	426 24 —	652 14 —	375 10 —	277 8 	79 5 -	7 - -	12 565 9 722 6 364	13 672 10 884 5 975	833 121 30
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	<b>322</b> 167	176 110	<b>85</b> 33	17 11	<b>27</b> 7	11	-	_	<b>6</b> 6	_	<b>4 690</b> 4 172	<b>6 894</b> 6 721	104 65
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	149 6 -	66 - -	52 - -	6 - -	20 _ _	5 6 -	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 708 18 750 -	6 600 19 020 —	39 - -
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Heating equipment  Central heating system	13 033 11 858 4 646	3 060 2 705 944	3 506 3 118 1 197	1 286 1 166 465	1 197 1 126	2 <b>042</b> 1 892 <b>740</b>	1 100 1 047	<b>593</b> 558	201 198	<b>48</b> 48	9 928 10 227	11 952 12 192	2 677 2 327
Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available	491 9 981	89 1 <b>354</b>	91 2 493	56 1 170	416 45 1 112	64 1 970	458 70 1 065	<b>278</b> 49 <b>574</b>	117 16 1 <b>95</b>	31 11 48	10 978 13 028 12 443	13 411 15 629 13 833	671 88 1 <b>559</b>
1 2 or more	6 853 3 128	1 223	2 138 355	892 278	766 346	1 159 811	428 637	165 409	48 147	34 14	10 184 17 706	11 728 18 446	1 241 318
House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	13 033 10 564 138	3 060 2 481 39	<b>3 506</b> 2 774 60	1 286 1 013 7	1 197 1 036	<b>2 042</b> 1 660 28	1 100 894	<b>593</b> 494	<b>201</b> 181	<b>48</b> 31	<b>9 928</b> 10 067 7 419	11 952 11 898 8 668	2 677 2 051 33
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	1 337 819	296 160	408 224	189 64	73 78	169 159	125 81	46 47	14	17 -	9 507 10 996	13 180 12 117	310 213
Other Median rooms	175 <b>4.0</b>	84 3.3	40 <b>3.8</b>	13 <b>3.9</b>	4.2	26 <b>4.3</b>	4.3	<b>4.</b> 7	4.4	4.1	5 398	7 639	70 <b>3.8</b>
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 943	3 043	3 490	1 281	1 181	2 024	1 100	575	201	48	9 910	11 936	2 651
CONTRACT RENT Less than \$100	1 309	806	250	65	44	76	25	33	10	_	4 453	7 047	331
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	2 329 4 596	674 993	833 1 358	223 545	195 469	223 699	117 374	50 125	9 16	5 17	7 816 9 801	9 404 11 466	590 1 015
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	3 212 979 260	413 102 30	743 214 21	291 95 26	339 117 5	742 194 62	384 122 46	196 86 50	90 49 20	14 - -	13 673 14 177 18 971	14 303 15 244 18 833	467 173 47
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	20 22	- -	16	-	- -	- -	- -	20 6			30 000 7 917	29 726 12 242	5
\$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	6 210 \$179	6 19		36	12	28	32	- 9 \$216	7	12	3 750 12 153	4 215 19 106	23 \$168
GROSS RENT	φ1/7	\$152	\$174	\$178	\$188	\$200	\$202	\$210	\$237	\$196	•••	•••	\$100
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149	896 1 068	687 351	153 388	22 79	6 102	5 110	_ 21	13 17	10		3 982 7 099	5 231 8 471	280 219
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	3 057 3 708	828 700	1 039 985	356 447	236 380	349 659	184 324	56 164	3 38	6 ]]	8 418 10 945	10 222 12 127	734 679
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	2 177 1 138 450	294 121 28	537 197 93	203 60 63	193 168 78	445 291 90	343 130 48	86 124 37	57 47 13	19 - -	13 206 15 357 13 814	14 233 15 853 14 836	411 188 70
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	217 22	9 6	43	15 -	6	40 7	18	60 9	26	-	19 464 19 286	20 398 17 990	47 -
No cosh rent Median	210 \$217	19 \$178	55 \$206	36 \$216	12 \$228	28 \$241	32 \$251	9 \$267	7 \$277	12 \$252	12 153	19 106	23 \$206
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	0.045							4.5					
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	2 245 2 135 1 885	27 160 176	91 148 426	66 227 380	180 336 362	535 836 465	665 353 45	451 75 31	194 - -	36 _ _	21 510 15 994 12 240	23 874 15 502 12 242	77 53 82
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	1 339 986	194 81	516 641	341 113	150 120	124 31	5 	9 -	-	-	9 720 8 569	9 706 8 638	85 129
35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed	1 600 2 335 41°	342 1 836 227	1 119 494 55	113 5 36	21 - 12	5 - 28	- 32	- - 9	- - 7	- 12	6 549 3 599 2 632	6 755 3 609 9 497	319 1 675 231
Medion	25.0	50 <del>+</del>	34.2	24.3	20.9	17.8	13.9	12.0	10—	10-	2 032	9 497	50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

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Green Bay city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$ <b>5</b> 99	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	10 574	454	943	1 925	1 815	1 458	2 017	899	679	384	355
PERSONS IN UNIT	706	00	47	107	100	00	101				۵.,
1 person2 persons	735 2 277	92 176	67 248 177	187 351	102 360	98 291	101 421	258	109	63	311 351
3 persons	2 274 2 768	87 52	255	385 488	387 529	347 343	502 495	168 255	131 239	90 112	365 359 357
5 persons6 persons	1 613 648	22 25	115 51	325   142	311 93	240 75	320 139	109 43	86 56	85 24	359
7 persons 8 or more persons	196 63	- -	18 12	47	19 14	51 13	20 19	17 5	14	10	364 371
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	3.50	2.27	3.38	3.58	3.61	3.48	3.47	3.38	3.73	3.85	•••
Married-couple families	8 688	300	785	1 522	1 454	1 184	1 785	785	548	325	362
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	367 3 406	5 45	14 158	30 477	61 664	59 531	122 849	64 344	12 234	104	411 384
35 to 44 years	2 136 2 592	25 151	205 388	431 546	318 375	247 340	379 423	172 205	215 87	144	368 328
65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present	187 <b>701</b>	74 <b>7</b>	20 <b>53</b>	38 144	36 112	7	12 <b>12</b> 7	49	64	31	249 365
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	87 312	-	8 21	61	22 48	14 45	16 69	8 14	5	7	373 379
35 to 44 years	136	7	3 13	20 56	25 11	30 25	21 21	20	6	4 7	372 332
65 years and over	1 185	147	105	259	249	160	105	<u>′</u> 65	67	28	244 316
15 to 24 years	41 401	26	32	8 116	19 94	8 48	6 32	13	- 26	- 14	333 314
25 to 34 years	259 392	12 71	6	47 79	73 57	51	21 39	34 15	15	-	344
45 to 64 years65 years and over	92	38	23	9	6	53	7	3	20 6	14	302 217
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	37.5	53.7	46.0	39.3	35.0	35.7	34.0	35.3	36.0	37.7	•••
1979 to Morch 1980	1 627	16	39	67	191	177	477	259	238	163	461
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	3 954 2 163	79 39	184 233	523 536	664 529	749 225	966 322	379 116	270 119	140	385 326
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	2 149 681	169 151	331 156	663 136	345 86	258 49	206 46	114 31	32 20	31 6	293 262
ROOMS	\										
1 to 3 rooms	67 893	30 108	6 130	8 231	3 165	103	7 109	. 41	_ 6	7	229 295
5 rooms6 rooms	3 062 2 927	164 100	340 223	760 601	577 532	489 400	493 604	136 267	97 140	60	323 351
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	1 874   1 751	33	137 107	219	350 188	295 171	415 389	187 262	164 272	74 237	384 475
Median	5.9	5.0	5.5	5.5	5.8	5.8	6.2	6.5	7.1	7.9	•
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	1 400	,,,	10	0.4		100	244	007	201	001	504
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974	1 482	12 15	12 18	24 145	61 236	198 177	366 371	287 127	321 81	201 45	524 404
1960 to 1969	2 274 2 220	21 1 <u>3</u> 7	113 289	471 562	387 391	364 280	491 372	218 108	150 48	59 33	370 316
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 252 2 131	76   193	209 302	269 454	249 491	182 257	206 211	36 123	7 72	18 28	314 312
VALUE											
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	6 208	- 68	6 67	- 44	_ 21	- 8	-	-	-		225 227
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	974 2 312	134 134	189 366	329 606	213 470	74 324	18 320	8 57	9	29	275 305
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	2 711 1 974	83 13	191 96	629 212	619 329	471 353	482 594	173 242	57 121	6	337 398
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	1 603 441	17	24	92 13	150	202 21	461 99	296 86	276 130	85 74	467 581
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	313	-	4	-	-	5	43	37	64 16	160	750 + 750
Median	\$46 700	\$31 400	\$35 600	\$39 700	\$43 300	\$47 000	\$53 100	\$58 000	\$70 200	\$96 300	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent	2 797	293	535	865	452	284	213	81	58	16	283
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	2 351 2 188	55 27	200 76	518 276	537 474	368 369	411 597	148 205	71 123	43 41	337 383
25 to 29 percent	1 225 762	13 20	24 32	79 63	156 66	157 142	432 181	167 92	122 120	75 46	436 426
35 percent or more Not computed	1 239 12	46	76 -	124	130	131 7	183	206	180 5	163	464 393
Medion	20.3	12.7	14.1	15.9	19.2	21.0	23.2	25.5	28.5	31.8	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	10 574	454	943	1 925	1 815	) 458	2 017	899	679	384	355
Steom or hot water system Centrol worm-oir furnace or electric heat pump	1 498 8 515	40 345	85 760	134 1 657	228 1 533	150 1 214	334 1 626	245 641	162 475	120 264	428 349
Other built-in electric units	60	26	16	6 33	12	7	25	7	15		456 260
Gither means	404 4 612	43 119	82 <b>401</b>	95 97	42 <b>763</b>	82 646	32 8 <b>82</b>	314	22 <b>285</b>	205	291 352
Central system  1 or more individual room units	1 096	7	29 372	117 880	134 629	116 530	298 584	96 218	153 132	146 59	448 331
House heating fuel	3 516 10 574	112 <b>454</b>	943	1 925	1 815	1 458	2 017 1 729	899 753	679 567	384 347	355 352
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	9 357 29	409 5	855   -	1 742 10	1 631	1 324 - 12	-	14	~	347	297
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	124 976	34	8 <u>1</u>	137	170	13 113	43 232	14 118	42 54	37	467 379
Other	88	6	7	30	8	. 8	13	-	16		306

Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

			pie, see infroducti			1		1		
Green Bay city	Tatol	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 ar more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	7 640	_	45	290	1 270	1 854	2 843	901	437	156
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 persan	1 776	-	33	133	584	446	458	96	26	133
2 persons3 persons	3 387 1 085	_	12	145	568 61	886 235	1 253 513	367 177	156 92	153 173
4 persons	752	_	-	5	27	178	342	125	75	174
5 persans	373	-	-	-	24	79	138	81	51	180
6 persons	150 94	_ [	-	_	- 6	24	95 33	25 18	6 31	177 206
7 persons8 ar mare persons	23	_	-	_	0 -		11	12	-	202
Median	2.10	-	1.18	1.58	1.59	2.04	2.27	2.47	2.90	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	5 <b>205</b>	-	12	121	546	1 255	2 155	732	384	166
15 to 24 years	. 6	-	-	-	-	6	-		,-	138
25 ta 34 years 35 ta 44 years	166 385	_ [	_	_	13	48 64	96 216	50	15 42	168 177
45 to 64 years	2 734	_	7	30	219	569	1 182	482	245	173
65 years and over	1 914	-	5	91	314	568	661	193	82	149
Mole householder, no wife present	<b>50</b> 5	<u>-</u>	_	32	153	113	147	<b>59</b>	2	140 225
25 to 34 years	ž 1	_	_	_	_	_	7	-	_	175
35 to 44 years	25	-	-	<del>-</del> 1	19		6		=	116
45 to 64 years	169 300	-	-	6 26	50 84	55 58	41 93	15 39	2	138 142
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	1 929		33	137	571	486	541	110	51	136
15 to 24 years	_	-	-	_	-		_		_	- ]
25 ta 34 years	11 31	-	-	-	- 7	5	,6	J 7	-	154
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	537		5	38	118	166	18 174	28	8	174 141
65 years and aver	1 350	_	28	99	446	315	343	76	43	133
Median age	6 <b>3</b> .8	-	72.0	70.6	68.6	65.2	61.3	59.3	57.5	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	146	-	-	7	23	,17	81	18	. <del>.</del>	166
1975 ta 1978 1970 to 1974	550 635		5 6	24 10	73 65	117 162	211 240	74 99	46 53	163 : 166
1960 to 1969	2 051	_	š l	34	213	392	899	347	158	171
1959 or earlier	4 258	-	26	215	896	1 166	1 412	363	180	146
ROOMS										
1 ta 3 raoms	. 81	- 1	.=	. 4	26	29	17	. 5	.=	134
4 roams	1 259 2 711	-	33 12	100 90	439 392	341 835	260 1 076	69 229	17 77	129 151
5 roams6 rooms	2 052	_ [	12	73	251	408	905	272	143	166
7 raams	927	_	_	7	115	175	375	180	75	172
8 or mare rooms	610	-		16	47	66	210	146	125	192
Median	5.4	-	4.2	5.0	4.9	5.2	5.6	6.0	6.4	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	15,				10	,,	· .		•	100
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 ta 1974	156 247	_ [	- 5	- 5	13	17 15	56 123	47 63	23 36	193 190
1960 to 1969	1 184	_ [	_	_	80	153	576	253	122	181
1950 to 1959	2 345	-	8	18	256	621	999	253 299	144	163
1940 to 1949	1 230 2 478	- [	14 18	81 186	236 685	369 679	400 689	81 158	49 63	144 138
1939 or earlier	2 4/6	_	10	100	663	0/7	007	130	03	130
VALUE	20			0		,,				127
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	30 472	_ [	5 8	9 76	152	16 124	88	7	17	127 125
\$20,000 ta \$29,999	1 513	_	18	104	522	467	321	65	16	131
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1 933	-	14	70	387	617	691	99	55	145
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 ta \$59,999	1 791 1 015	-	-	24	157 40	405 195	976 498	179 205	50 77	166 177
\$60,000 ta \$79,999	667	_ [	_	7	12	30	253	251	114	206
\$80,000 to \$99,999	146	_	_	<u>-</u>	12	-	11	83	52	237
\$100,000 to \$149,999	70	-	-	-	-	~	5	9	56	250+
\$150,000 ar mare Median	\$39 300	_	\$21 300	\$25 400	\$29 200	\$34 800	\$43 300	\$54 200	\$60 400	225
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	407 000		<b>42</b> 1 000	425 400	<b>427 200</b>	40 7 555	<b>V.0 000</b>	45 / 255	755 .55	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	2 917	_	12	88	379	736	1 232	340	130	160
10 to 14 percent	1 702	_	19	49	297	324	655	237	121	162
15 to 19 percent	963	-	,-	68	163	244	309	85	94	151
20 ta 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	534 414		14	29 13	142 105	128 121	140 114	51 50	30 11	141 143
30 to 34 percent	299	_	_	29	71	62	95	26	16	145
35 percent or mare	750	-	- 1	7	113	223	271	112	24	156
Not computed Medion	61 12.6	<u>-</u>	- l 12.8	7 15.3	14.3	16 12.8	27 11.3	12.3	11 13.4	164
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	12.0	_	12.0	13.3	14.5	12.0	11.5	12.5	10.4	
Heating equipment	7 640	_	45	290	1 270	1 854	2 843	901	437	156
Steom or hot water system	827	_	-	11	66	172	290	197	91	178
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	6 430	-	45	229	1 120	1 533	2 460	697	346	156
Other built-in electric units	23	-	-	7	6		11	j -	-	148 128
Flaor, woll, or pipeless furnace Other means	70 290	<u>-</u>	-	6 44	26 52	29 114	9 73	]	_	128
Air conditioning	3 054	_ [	12	76	382	668	1 226	491	199	166
Central system	693	- 1	5	_	18	83	310	156	121	189
l or more individual raam units	2 361	- [	7	76 200	364	585	916	335 901	78 <b>437</b>	158 <b>156</b>
House heating fuel	<b>7 640</b> 6 730	_ [	45 38	<b>290</b> 277	<b>1 270</b> 1 188	1 854 1 688	<b>2 843</b> 2 432	752	437 355	154
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	23	-	-		. 6	-	8	'32	333	184
Electricity	31	-	-	,_	- 6	14	11	, -	_	142
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	816 40	_ [	7	13	70	139 13	379 13	142	73	175   150
			,			l ,3		·		

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Owner-occupied housing units						Renter-occupied housing units								
Green Bay city	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 ar earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier			
Occupied housing units	20 127	1 846	1 741	3 721	7 436	5 383	13 033	2 044	2 367	2 126	2 683	3 813			
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	15.004	1 500	1 402	2 121	£ £50	2 224	2 400	400	450		700				
Married-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	15 026 456 3 813 2 661 5 751 2 345	1 580 71 807 400 256 46	1 <b>423</b> 45 575 328 389 86	3 131 43 577 680 1 539 292	5 558 215 1 138 677 2 407 1 121	3 334 82 716 576 1 160 800	3 408 960 1 138 339 477 494	603 199 228 34 78 64	<b>450</b> 93 177 25 64 91	592 138 183 53 88 130	799 268 275 102 95 59	964 262 275 125 152 150			
Male householder, no wife present	1 466 124 406 193 372 371	120 - 42 28 50	89 18 43 20 4	145 15 36 25 44 25	535 48 140 55 141 151	577 43 145 65 133 191	3 177 1 126 1 083 362 363	<b>492</b> 186 177 84 45	571 201 171 90 71	401 177 111 30 51	685 322 269 24 37	1 028 240 355 134 159			
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	3 635 61 475 344 1 113	146 - 39 17 62	229 9 76 40 85	445 - 55 107 166	1 343 35 174 108 436	1 472 17 131 72 364	243 6 448 1 884 1 536 487 846	949 244 260 108 119	38 1 346 349 283 77 119	32 1 133 353 180 102 173	33 1 199 450 359 104 131	140 1 821 488 454 96 304			
65 years and over	1 642 <b>49.4</b>	28 <b>34.7</b>	19 <b>37.1</b>	117 <b>48.0</b>	590 <b>54.0</b>	888 <b>56.5</b>	1 695 <b>30.3</b>	218 <b>29.2</b>	518 <b>33.0</b>	325 <b>32.9</b>	155 <b>27.6</b>	479 <b>32.5</b>			
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 992 5 079 3 081 4 489 5 486	580 1 266 - - -	148 562 1 031 - -	297 756 650 2 018	578 1 469 836 1 489 3 064	389 1 026 564 982 2 422	6 485 4 374 1 281 548 345	1 360 684 - -	1 037 934 396 —	862 809 297 158 —	1 522 792 173 99 97	1 704 1 155 415 291 248			
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms	50 193 2 659 6 342	- 10 7 121 430	- 5 22 179 534	- 20 220 1 308 1 039	13 70 1 424 2 737	22 74 715 1 333	293 1 025 3 356 4 076 2 732	17 228 590 697 347	55 406 825 645 351	49 155 528 794 458	41 83 526 840 714	131 153 887 1 100 862			
6 rooms 7 or more rooms Medion	5 414 5 469 5.7	498 780 6.2	491 510 5.8	1 134	1 966 1 226 5.3	1 420 1 819 5.9	1 050 501 4.0	124 41 3.8	53 32 3.4	103 39 3.9	297 182 4.3	473   207   4.2			
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use  0.50 or less	20 078 12 137 7 606	1 834 1 048 766	1 741 764 963	3 714 1 967 1 664	<b>7 423</b> 4 577 2 689	<b>5 366</b> 3 781 1 524	12 711 8 869 3 610	2 018 1 382 611	2 345 1 718 584	2 092 1 403 638	2 626 1 711 855	3 630 2 655 922			
0.51 to 1.00	321 14 49 29 20	20 - 12 - 12	14 - - - -	81 2 7 7	151 6 13 7 6	55 6 17	182 50 <b>322</b> 167 149	25 - <b>26</b> 18 8 -	20 23 <b>22</b> 22 -	45 6 <b>34</b> 17 17	47 13 <b>57</b> 34 23	922 45 8 <b>183</b> 76 101 6			
PERSONS IN UNIT	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-			
1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons	3 062 6 315 3 674 3 726 2 126	116 446 406 531 269	160 365 348 531 233	319 961 838 747 567	1 185 2 686 1 297 1 253 627	1 282 1 857 785 664 430	5 964 3 866 1 641 964 392	950 615 301 103 50	1 333 641 213 134 40	904 666 290 185 69	944 871 372 290 119	1 833 1 073 465 252 114			
6 or more persons	1 224 2.69	78 3.39	104 3.49	289 3.19	388 2.44	365 2.26	206 1.64	25 1.62	1.39	12 1.74	87 1.96	1.57			
Total persons UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached	60 285	6 231	5 971 1 516	12 377 3 527	21 010 7 264	14 696 4 798	26 001	3 896 195	3 909	4 371 334	6 302 816	7 523			
2	925 83 29 72 3 230	68 19 12 21 - 46	93 9 3 34 - 86	90 - 6 - - 98	158 5 - 9 -	516 50 8 8 3	4 177 2 104 1 586 2 167 801 35	473 210 352 611 196 7	340 200 626 795 242 15	571 298 253 484 173 13	1 149 506 94 100 18	1 644 890 261 177 172			
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	20 122 2 618 16 371	1 846 334 1 371	1 741 255 1 448	3 721 954 2 655	<b>7 431</b> 406 6 669	5 383 669 4 228	13 033 4 320 6 432	2 044 593 894	<b>2 367</b> 1 323 854	2 126 934 985	<b>2 683</b> 418 1 644	3 813 1 052 2 055			
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or mare individual room units	101 227 805 <b>8 534</b> 2 008 6 526	84 5 52 <b>704</b> 396 308	5 7 26 <b>841</b> 296 545	28 84 <b>1 852</b> 541 1 311	96 260 <b>3 303</b> 606 2 697	12 91 383 <b>1 834</b> 169 1 665	824 282 1 175 <b>4 646</b> 491 4 155	490 24 43 <b>1 164</b> 152 1 012	157 13 20 1 <b>410</b> 123 1 287	59 25 123 <b>948</b> 110 838	72 109 440 <b>497</b> 55 442	46 111 549 <b>627</b> 51 576			
House heating fuel	20 122 17 766 72 180 1 964	1 846 1 296 5 131 392 22	1 741 1 713 7 10 5	3 721 3 579 24 6 89	7 431 6 388 26 15 966	5 383 4 790 10 18 512	13 033 10 564 138 1 337 819 175	2 044 1 167 9 696 172	2 367 1 996 6 288 30 47	2 126 1 868 38 151 58	2 683 2 312 44 119 193 15	3 813 3 221 41 83 366 102			
Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	140 8 <b>32</b> 4.1	57 3.1	6 <b>50</b> 2.9	23 <b>89</b> 2.4	36 <b>309</b> 4.2	53 <b>327</b> 6.1	2 677 20.5	<b>294</b> 14.4	<b>477</b> 20.2	<b>408</b> 19.2	<b>673</b> 25.1	825 21.6			
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999.	1 223 2 388 1 164 1 256 3 583 3 895 4 102	44 66 50 63 258 418 603	48 110 52 100 346 411 458	102 256 168 179 604 777 885	504 886 530 501 1 427 1 507 1 245	525 1 070 364 413 948 782 911	3 060 3 506 1 286 1 197 2 042 1 100 593	381 447 231 141 441 214 103	683 669 196 190 277 165	432 476 235 205 369 256 93	579 765 211 303 452 250	985 1 149 413 358 503 215 129			
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median Mean	1 841 675 \$20 578 \$22 184	228 116 \$25 321 \$27 373	133 83 \$22 855 \$24 246	532 218 \$23 704 \$26 386	685 151 \$19 564 \$21 196	263 107 \$16 787 \$18 197	201 48 \$9 928 \$11 952	75 11 \$12 100 \$13 772	26 - \$8 810 \$10 977	40 20 \$11 649 \$13 814	\$9 983 \$11 532	\$8 977 \$10 840			

Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Intraduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	(	Owner-occupied I	ousing units		Renter-occupied housing units							
Green Bay city	Total	1 unit, detoched or attached	2 or mare units	Mobile hame or trailer, etc.	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 ta 9 units	10 ta 49 units	50 ar more units	Mobile home ar trailer, etc.
Occupled housing units Condaminium hausing units	<b>20 127</b> 80	<b>18 785</b> 17	1 112 63	230	13 033 38	2 163	4 177	2 104	1 586 6	<b>2 167</b> 13	<b>801</b> 19	35
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	15 026	14 322	580	124	3 408	925	1 495	357	216	278	137	-
15 to 24 years 25 ta 34 years 35 ta 44 years	456 3 813 2 661	399 3 646 2 578	19 147 62	38   20   21	960 1 138 339	231 293 125	399 611 159	181 65 22	62 95 19	74 74 14	13 - -	=1
45 ta 64 years65 years and over	5 751 2 345	5 522 2 177	204 148	25 20	477 494	168 108	208 118	30 59	7 33	33 83	31 93	
Male householder, no wife present	1 466 124	1 <b>255</b> 96	167 13	44 15 5	3 177 1 126	<b>445</b> 166	9 <b>55</b> 393	<b>577</b> 246	<b>375</b> 90	668 207	129	28 18
25 to 34 years 35 ta 44 years 45 ta 64 years	406 193 372	340 165 325	61 14 37	14 10	1 083 362 363	165 41 30	378 67 81	186 39 53	153 64 40	177 125 120	20 26 33	4
65 years and aver	371 <b>3 635</b>	329 3 208	42 <b>365</b>	62	243 6 448	43 <b>793</b>	36 1 727	53 1 170	28 <b>995</b>	39 1 221	44 <b>535</b>	7
15 ta 24 years 25 ta 34 years	61 475	41 423	16 47	4 5	1 884 1 536	171 242	550 563	417 314	301 212	428 205	17	=
35 ta 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	344 1 113 1 642	296 990 1 458	42 86 174	6 37 10	487 846 1 695	113 129 138	136 235 243	67 154 218	57 132 293	101 142 345	13 54 451	
Median ageYEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	49.4	49.3	55.6	39.7	30.3	32.0	28.5	27.6	30.0	32.8	72.6	24.9
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	1 992 5 079	1 844 4 642	113 330	35 107	6 485 4 374	994 656	2 115 1 441	1 096 706	810 571	1 188 713	269 270	13 17
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	3 081 4 489	2 852 4 291	162 177	67 21	1 281 548	210 169	376 166	146 76	175 8	172 71	197 5 <u>8</u>	5
1959 or earlier ROOMS	5 486	5 156	330	-	345 293	134 5	79	80	22	23	7	-
1 raom 2 raoms 3 rooms	50 193	28 120	22 55	-     18	1 025 3 356	23 111	11 67 426	30 162 883	24 218 661	137 361 852	86 189 423	5
4 raams 5 raams	2 659 6 342	2 203 5 950	323 <b>32</b> 5	133 67	4 076 2 732	579 714	1 659 1 335	665 294	492 168	582 187	73 30	26 4
6 roams	5 414 5 469 5.7	5 133 5 351 5.7	269 118 5.0	12 - 4.2	1 050 501	407 324 5.0	532 147	58 12 3.5	11 12	42 6	_ _ 2.0	-
Median PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	20 078	18 746	1 102	230	4.0 12 711	2 147	4.5 <b>4 118</b>	2 064	3.3 1 <b>508</b>	3.2 2 095	2.8 744	4.0 <b>35</b>
0.50 ar less 0.51 ta 1.00	12 137 7 606	11 174 7 246	824 269	139	8 869 3 610	1 252 841	2 713 1 333	1 498 541	1 187 311	1 563 461	621 123	35
1.01 ta 1.50 1.51 ar mare	321 14	314 12	7 2	-	182 50	48 6	56 16	14 11	10	54 17	-	-
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	<b>49</b> 29 20	<b>39</b> 26 13	10 3	-	<b>322</b> 167 149	16 11	<b>59</b> 31	<b>40</b> 40	<b>78</b> 40	<b>72</b> 36	<b>57</b> 9	=
0.51 ta 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 ar mare	20 - -	13 - 	, - -	-	6	5 - -	22 6 -	-	38 - -	36 - -	48 - -	=
BEDROOMS None	_	_	_	_	367	5	21	51	35	169	86	_
2	474 5 028	327 4 268	147 577	183	4 868 5 842	198 1 111	788 2 535	1 142 779	930 563	1 197 7 <u>24</u>	608 107	5 2 <u>3</u>
3	10 467 3 613 545	10 125 3 541 524	295 72	47 ~ _	1 684 191 81	634 153 62	795 38	120	51 - 7	77 - -	=	7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 223	1 120	89	14	3 060	264	697	665	442	548	432	12
\$5,000 ta \$9,999 \$10,000 ta \$12,499	2 388 1 164	2 097 1 018	239 118	52 28	3 506 1 286	504 204	1 053 409	594 241	478 181	640 213	237 31	7
\$12,500 ta \$14,999 \$15,000 ta \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	1 256 3 583 3 895	1 148 3 366 3 724	82 177 142	26 40 29	1 197 2 042 1 100	202 451 311	510 812 364	181 269 99	162 175 77	103 321 215	39 14 28	- - 6
\$25,000 ta \$34,999 \$35,000 ta \$49,999	4 102 1 841	3 896 1 772	184 55	27 22 14	593 201	171 44	233 94	31 11	54 17	91 18	7 13	6
\$50,000 or mare Median	675 \$20 578	644 \$20 869	26 \$15 761	5 \$14 519	48 \$9 928	12 \$13 855	5 \$12 069	13 \$8 281	\$8 735	18 \$9 173	\$4 787 \$7 010	\$11 964
MeanSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$22 184	\$22 485	\$18 135	\$17 137	\$11 952	\$14 838	\$12 993	\$10 494	\$10 240	\$11 497		\$15 913
Heating equipment Steam ar hat water system Central warm-air fumace or electric heat pump	<b>20 122</b> 2 618 16 371	18 785 2 398 15 394	1 107 220 784	230 - 193	13 033 4 320 6 432	<b>2 163</b> 195 1 617	4 177 520 2 846	2 104 675 875	<b>1 586</b> 922 471	<b>2 167</b> 1 390 457	<b>801</b> 607 142	35 11 24
Other built-in electric units Floar, wall, or pipeless furnace	101 227	83 188	18 17	22	824 282	53 72	117 117	173 62	153 13	281 13	47 5	
Other means Air conditioning	805 <b>8 534</b>	722 <b>7 928</b>	68 <b>502</b>	15 <b>104</b>	1 175 <b>4 646</b>	226 <b>507</b>	577 <b>826</b>	319 <b>464</b>	27 <b>929</b>	26 1 <b>525</b>	382	13
Central system Vehicles available }	2 008 <b>19 025</b> 7 487	1 873 <b>17 802</b> 6 776	106 <b>1 003</b> 569	29 <b>220</b> 142	491 9 <b>981</b> 6 853	99 <b>1 878</b> 1 070	119 <b>3 506</b> 2 127	38 <b>1 481</b> 1 141	46 1 <b>101</b> 840	161 <b>1 680</b> 1 370	15 <b>305</b> 281	13 <b>30</b> 24
2 or more	11 538 <b>20 122</b>	11 026 18 785	434 1 107	78 <b>230</b>	3 128 13 033	808 2 163	1 379 <b>4 177</b>	340 2 104	261 1 586	310 2 167	24 <b>801</b>	6 35
Utility gas Battled, tank, or LP gas	17 766 72	16 574 62	986 —	206 10	10 564 138	1 780 7	3 61 <b>0</b> 45	1 658 49	1 217 28	1 607 9	657 —	35
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	180 1 964	155 1 861	25 89 7	14	1 337 819	137 229	199 301	247 117	238 90	423 82	93 	_
Other Water heating fuel Utility gas	140 <b>20 103</b> 18 155	133 <b>18 766</b> 17 017	1 107 1 000	230 138	175 <b>13 021</b> 10 264	10 <b>2 163</b> 1 821	22 <b>4 177</b> 3 658	33 <b>2 092</b> 1 631	13 <b>1 586</b> 1 068	46 <b>2 167</b> 1 471	51 <b>801</b> 596	35 19
Battled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity	80 1 724	80 1 529	103	92	126 2 494	11 322	46 456	22 408	22 47 l	25 637	184	16
Fuel ail, kerasene, etcOther	144	140	4	-	97 40	9 -	17 -	17 14	25 -	29 5	21	_
Family householder With awn children under 18 years With awn children under 6 years	16 693 8 902 3 537	15 850 8 579 3 370	<b>698</b> 243 104	145 80 63	<b>5 540</b> 3 294 2 160	<b>1 454</b> 978 549	<b>2 366</b> 1 518 1 064	<b>663</b> 384 280	<b>427</b> 222 148	488 185 112	142 7 7	-
Female householder, no husband present With awn children under 18 years	1 338 705	1 228 649	94 50	16 6	1 824 1 429	483 387	738 614	<b>259</b> 185	177 128	162 115	5 -	-
With awn children under 6 years Honfamily householder	188 <b>3 434</b>	162 2 935	20 <b>414</b>	6 85	798 7 <b>493</b>	208 <b>709</b>	369 1 <b>811</b>	107 1 441	64 1 159	50 1 679	659	35
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	<b>832</b> 4.1	<b>773</b> 4.1	<b>50</b> 4.5	9 3.9	<b>2 677</b> 20.5	<b>400</b> 18.5	<b>811</b> 19.4	<b>538</b> 25.6	<b>264</b> 16.6	<b>494</b> 22.8	<b>170</b> 21.2	-

# Table B=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					annig ar symbolis,	, 500 11117 000011101			appendixes // a	0 /	
Green Bay city	Tatal	l person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persans	5 persons	6 persans	7 persans	8 ar mare persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nanrelatives present	<b>20 127</b> 609	3 062	6 315 263	<b>3 674</b> 167	<b>3 726</b> 60	2 126 73	<b>826</b> 12	<b>305</b> 23	<b>93</b> 11	<b>2.69</b> 2.75	<b>60 285</b> 1 969
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms	243 2 659	100	114 1 125	21 349	_ 161	8 22	-	-	_	1.69 1.79	500 5 296
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms	6 342 5 414 2 952	947 610 255	2 402 1 633 610	1 218 1 007 625	1 057 1 176 684	534 651 431	133 250 234	45 64 92	6 23 21	2.43 2.96 3.48	17 496 16 897 10 273
8 or mare rooms Median	2 517 5.7	148 5.0	431 5.3	454 5.7	648 6.0	480 6.3	209 6.6	104 7.0	43 7.3	3.85	9 823
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	<b>20 078</b> 19 743	<b>3 043</b> 3 043	6 312 6 312	<b>3 655</b> 3 649	<b>3 718</b> 3 718	2 126 2 096	826 693	<b>3</b> 05	<b>93</b> 36	<b>2.69</b> 2.64	<b>60 157</b> 57 815
1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or mare  Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	321 14 <b>49</b>	- - 19	- - 3	6 - 19	- - 8	22 8 -	133	109  -	51 6 -	6.50 5.38 <b>2.63</b>	2 247 95 1 <b>28</b>
1.00 ar less	49 _ _	19 - -	3 - -	19 - -	8 - -		- - -	- - -	- -	2.63	128
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	18 785	2 606	5 855	3 462	3 589	2 053	826	301	93	2.77	56 024
2 or more Mobile home ar trailer, etc VALUE	1 112 230	382 74	391 69	154 58	113 24	68 5	-	4 -	-	1.95 2.09	3 638 623
Specified awner-occupied housing units	18 214 36 680	2 511 5 194	5 664 16 277	3 359 - 87	<b>3 520</b> 15 63	1 986 - 40	<b>798</b> - 14	290 -	86 - 5	<b>2.78</b> 2.31 2.03	53 378 94 1 550
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	2 487 4 245 4 502	716 776 431	898 1 430 1 419	376 730 834	272 655 922	126 391 605	62 163 213	32 66 53	5 34 25	2.0 <del>9</del> 2.44	5 736 11 677
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	2 <b>989</b> 2 270	201 126	839 622	691 393	696 631	350 308	161 119	44 61	7 10	2.98 3.16 3.48	13 866 9 295 7 376
\$80,000 ta \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or mare	587 383 35	36 26 -	108 50 5	155 90 3	135 122 9	97 56 13	44 17 5	12 22 -		3.46 3.71 4.54	1 991 1 624 169
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979	\$43 600 <b>20 127</b>	\$34 400 3 062	\$41 500   6 315	\$45 800 <b>3 674</b>	\$48 000 <b>3 726</b>	\$47 100 2 126	\$48 000 826	\$49 300   305	\$39 700 <b>93</b>	2.69	60 285
Median income Median selected monthly awner costs as percentage of household income	\$20 578 17.5	\$7 368 27.9	\$18 512 15.8	\$23 045 16.1	\$23 248 17.8	\$24 334 16,9	\$26 184 14.5	\$27 007 15.0	\$30 227 13.9		
With a mortgage Nat mortgaged Income in 1979 belaw poverty level	20.3 12.6 <b>832</b>	30.4 26.9 <b>337</b>	20.1 13.0 <b>168</b>	20.1 10— <b>129</b>	20.5 10— <b>96</b>	19.2 10— <b>63</b>	16.7 10— <b>21</b>	18.0 10— • <b>12</b>	16.9 10— <b>6</b>	1.97	
Median income	\$3 200 50+	\$2 862 50+	\$2 877 50+	\$2500— 50+	\$5 466 50+	\$4 181 50+	\$6 250 50+	\$16 250 30.0	\$11 250 45.0	•••	
With a mortgage Not mortgaged	50 + 50 +	50 + 50 +	50 + 48.0	50 + 50 +	50+	50+	50+	30.0	45.0		•••
Renter-occupied housing units Nanrelatives present	<b>13 033</b> 1 856	5 964 -	<b>3 866</b> 1 278	1 <b>641</b> 326	<b>964</b> 158	<b>392</b> 50	<b>85</b> 19	<b>76</b> 25	45 -	1.64 2.23	<b>26 001</b> 4 572
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms	2 <b>93</b> 1 025	265 866	28 142	_ 14	_ 3	-	-	-	-	1.05 1.09	324 1 188
3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms	3 356 4 076 2 732	2 511 1 528 597	703 1 634 966	79 669 555	63 214 337	- 17 196	- - 43	- 14 33	- - 5	1.17 1.81 2.30	4 266 7 913 7 301
6 roams 7 or mare roams Median	1 050 501 4.0	150 47 3.2	279 114 4.1	272 52 4.6	253 94 5.1	72 107 5,4	11 31 5.5	8 21 5.2	5 35 8.1	2.85 3.90	3 117 1 892
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 711	5 728	3 839	1 593	959	392	79	76	45	1.66	25 515
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	12 479 182 50	5 728	3 811 - 28	1 579 14	893 63 3	375 17 -	42 37 -	21 41 14	30 10 5	1.63 5.32 2.39	24 301 1 009 205
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	<b>322</b> 316 6	236 236 -	<b>27</b> 27 -	<b>48</b> 48 -	5 5 -		<b>6</b> - 6	- -	-	1.18 1.17 6.00	486 466 20
1.51 or more UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	2 163	455	683	408	328	177	- 48 i	- 41	23	2.42	6 150
2' 3 and 4 5 to 9	4 177 2 104 1 586	1 296 1 134 1 017	1 481 658 354	719 219 132	421 59 68	188 22 5	32 - 5	35 - -	5 12 5	2.04 1.43 1.28	9 650 3 565 2 445
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	2 167 801 35	1 374 659 29	549 135 6	156	88	-	- -	- - -	- - -	1.29 1.11 1.10	3 242 910 39
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 943	5 952	3 851	1 614	944	383	85	69	45	1.63	25 692
Less than \$100 \$100 ta \$149 \$150 to \$199	896 1 068 3 057	802 778 1 901	40 252 810	19 13 198	35 25 101	- 34	- - 5	- - 8	-	1.06 1.19 1.30	979 1 441 4 750
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	3 708 2 177 1 138	1 666 518 160	1 260 896 356	468 ( 481 290	187 203 223	95 60 69	19 7 6	7 29	13 5 5	1.65 2.14 2.68	6 975 5 065 3 349
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 ar mare	450 217 22	34 11 6	101 42 6	91 ; 44 -	107 38 3	80 45 -	27 14 7	10 8 -	15	3.49 3.80 2.33	1 682 899 82
No cash rent Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	210 \$217	76 \$188	88 \$230	10 \$261	22 \$275	\$302	\$360	\$328	7 \$310	1.93	470 
All income levels in 1979	13 033 \$9 928	5 <b>964</b> \$7 248 27.0	3 866 \$13 118 22.0	1 641 \$12 440 25 3	964 \$13 131 25.3	<b>392</b> \$14 213 26.3	85 \$18 798 19.9	<b>76</b> \$11 667 48.2	<b>45</b> \$7 250 35.0	1.64	26 001
Median grass rent as percentage of hausehold income _ Income in 1979 below poverty level  Median grass rent as percentage of household income	25.0 <b>2 677</b> \$3 537	1 140 \$2 675	<b>699</b> \$4 058	25.3 <b>385</b> \$4,437	<b>262</b> \$5 671	<b>95</b> \$6 211	\$8 542 38.5	\$6.2 <b>53</b> \$6.719 50+	\$2500— 50.0	1.78	
Median grass rent as percentage of household income _	50+	50+	50+	50+	50+	50+	38.5	JU+	30.0	•••	••••

1980 Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: B — 10. Table

Median

49.4

66.5 59.9 38.0 40.1 43.3

49.4 43.8 56.9

39.1 26.9 27.1 30.3 34.2 37.0

30.3

30.2 27.6 34.8 42.5

30.9 30.9 30.9 32.9 32.9 32.6 32.6 51.3

Table B -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Boild die estima	, cs bused on o	somple, see	Mole hous			see milodocii	uction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8)  Femole hauseholder							
Green Bay city			15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years		15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years		
	Total	Total	yeors	years	yeors	yeors	and over	Total	yeors	years	years	yeors	and over		
Owner-occupied housing units	3 062	886	40	263	99	192	292	2 176	34	136	63	570	1 373		
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 043 19	874 12	40 -	263	99 -	192	280 12	2 169 7	34	136	63	563 7	1 373		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched  2 or more	2 606 382	733 125	25 6	206 52	75 10	173 19	254 38	1 873 257	21	104 27	45 18	484 59	1 219 144		
Mobile home or troiler, etc  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	74	28	9	5	14	-	-	46	4	5	-	27	10		
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	831 1 060 281	103 202 68	- 4 9	14 8	12 5	29 33 20	74 139 26	728 858 213	13 8	31 53	7 18 4	102 229 66	619 567 82		
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	214 403	120 215	6 21	58 109	37	36 33	20 15	94 188	13	18 34	15	53 94	23 32 32		
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	168 62 14	111 49	-	59 15	30 15	15 19	7   -   -	57 13 14	=	-	12 - 7	13 13	32 - 7		
\$50,000 or more	29 \$7 368	18 \$13 958	\$15 357	- \$17 341	\$17 390	7 \$13 472	\$7 195	11 \$6 440	\$11 250	\$11 745	\$15 781	\$8 467	11 \$5 373		
Mean Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly	\$10 103	\$14 178	\$14 592	\$17 292	\$18 566	\$15 273	\$9 109	\$8 443	\$12 316	\$12 207	\$15 820	\$10 026	\$6 979		
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 511	701	21	189	75	173	243	1 810	21	<b>9</b> 7	45	444	1 203		
With a mortgage	735 92	<b>364</b> 7	21 -	189 -	<b>75</b> 7 3	73 -	6 -	371 85	21 -	<b>9</b> 7 6	<b>38</b> 7	145 50	70 22 23		
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	67 187 102	9 100 51	- - 7	6 54 15	20 12	26 11	- - 6	58 87 51	8 7	13 34 20	- 8 7	22 28 11	9 6		
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	98 101	70 59	14	40 32	6 13	10 14	-	28 42	6	4 14	5	19 15	7		
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	44 44	28 40	-	7 35	14	7 5	-	16 4	_	6	7 4	-	3 -		
\$750 or more Medion Not mortgaged	\$311 1 776	\$361 <b>337</b>	\$363	\$374	\$331	\$348 100	\$325 <b>237</b>	\$274 1 <b>439</b>	\$318	\$293	\$329 <b>7</b>	\$251 <b>299</b>	\$228 1 133		
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	_ 33	-	_	-	-	_	-	33	_	-	<u>-</u>	5	28		
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124		32 103	-	-	-	6 43	26 60	101 481	-	-	7	20 85	81 389		
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	446 458 96	62 110 30	=	-	-	18 33	44 77 30	384 348 66	_	-	-	112 70 7	272 278 59		
\$250 or more Medion	26 \$133	\$139	-	_	- -	\$126	\$143	26 \$132	-	-	\$113	<u>-</u> \$134	26 \$131		
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of															
household income in 1979 With a mortgage	<b>27.9</b> 30.4	<b>23.9</b> 26.9	<b>24.0</b> 24.0	28.0 28.0	<b>24.8</b> 24.8	<b>20.8</b> 27.5	<b>24.1</b> 50+	<b>29.3</b> 32.4	<b>29.</b> 0 29.0	<b>30.6</b> 30.6	<b>25.9</b> 24.6	<b>21.7</b> 33.1	<b>30.9</b> 43.9		
Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	26.9 <b>337</b> 11.0	20.1 <b>53</b> 6.0	-	- -	-	11.4 <b>25</b> 13.0	23.5 28 9.6	28.4 <b>284</b> 13.1	-	-	32.5 7 11.1	18.7 <b>54</b> 9.5	30.1 223 16.2		
Renter-occupied housing units	5 964	2 136	<b>54</b> 5	758	296	315	222	3 828	828	623	186	627	1 564		
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 728 236	1 <b>990</b> 146	514 31	733 25	264 32	295 20	184 38	3 738 90	793 35	616 7	180 6	616 11	1 533 31		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or ottoched  2	455 1 <b>29</b> 6	224 536	56 184	89 216	13 47	27 64	39 25	231 760	15 193	37 171	10 17	66 174	103 205		
3 ond 4 5 to 9	1 134 1 017	401 298	135 58	134 135	39 58	46 19	47 28	733 719	215 167	165 101	50 48	124 110	179 293		
10 to 49	1 374 659	526 129	94 6	160 20	113 26	120 33	39 44	848 530	221 17	149	48 13	99 54	331 446		
Mobile home or troiler, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	29	22	12	4	-	6	-	7	-	_	-	-	/		
Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$9,999	2 172 1 748	553 473	208 182	97 123	76 36	60 53	112 79	1 619 1 275	336 323	109 215	60 24	215 213	899 500		
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	587 394 645	252 164 395	55 39 50	112 93 220	22 25 53	45 7 59	18 - 13	335 230 250	71 29 49	102 96 92	27 19 44	56 59 43	79 27		
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	288 73	212 55	11	98 11	43 26	60 18	-	76 18	20	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	6	25 4	22 16 14		
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	40 17	21 11	- <del>-</del>	4	10 5	7	-	19	-	-	6 -	6	7 -		
Medion	\$7 248 \$9 312	\$10 417 \$11 621	\$6 612 \$7 509	\$13 763 \$13 236	\$13 900 \$15 357	\$12 472 \$15 212	\$4 974 \$6 121	\$6 102 \$8 023	\$6 175 \$6 641	\$9 808 \$9 921	\$10 833 \$11 436	\$7 280 \$12 122	\$4 642 \$5 950		
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	5 952	2 129	545	758	296	308	222	3 823	<b>828</b> 28	<b>623</b> 5	186 13	<b>62</b> 7 58	1 559 499		
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	802 778 1 901	199 272 773	30 66 <b>2</b> 55	41 51 256	32 48 86	31 58 111	65 49 65	603 506 1 128	102 357	82 244	49	109 182	213 296		
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	1 666 518	579 183	132 42	273 74	74 26	88 20	12 21	1 087 335	254 66	219 45	84 29	167 70	363 125		
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	160 34	67 19	14 6	47 4	6 5	-	- 4	93 15	16	24 4	11	<b>25</b> 7	17		
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	11 6 76	11 6 20	- - -	5 - 7	6 6 7	-	- - 6	- - 56	_ _ 5	-	-	- 9	42		
MedionSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$188	\$190	\$185	\$204	\$188	\$181	\$144	\$187	\$192	\$197	\$216	\$189	\$160		
Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	27.0	22.1	33.5	18.7	17.6	15,0	29.3	29.4	33.4	23.2	25.2	27.4	31.6		
Percent below poverty level	1 <b>140</b> 19.1	<b>297</b> 13.9	1 <b>23</b> 22.6	<b>67</b> 8.8	<b>58</b> 19.6	<b>30</b> 9.5	19 8.6	<b>843</b> 22.0	<b>293</b> 35.4	<b>96</b> 15,4	<b>42</b> 22.6	128 20.4	<b>284</b> 18.2		

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Green Bay city	Total	Less then 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Green Bay city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	296	82	139	75	Vacant for rent housing units	469	265	150	54
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	16 34 48 90 41 67 6.1	6 22 26 13 15 6.0	16 17 10 53 17 26 6.0	11 16 11 11 26 6.5	1 room	59 47 140 81 71 43 28 3.4	33 39 85 24 53 24 7 3.2	16 8 38 30 18 19 21 3.9	10 17 27 - - 3.5
PLUMBING FACILITIES					PLUMBING FACILITIES		:		
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	296	82	139	75 -	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	419 50	246 19	134 16	39 15
BEDROOMS None	_	_	_		BEDROOMS				
2	22 71 133 70	6 14 53 9	16 27 54 42	30 26 19	None	71 175 138 80 5	45 112 76 32	16 46 35 48 5	10 17 27 - -
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	-	-	-	-
1975 to Morch 1980	125 6 36 22 43 64	33 - 9 8 6 26	47 27 10 33 22	45 6 - 4 4 16	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	40 68 73 36 66 186	10 68 40 18 44 85	26  33 6 11 74	4 - 12 11 27
1, detached or ottached	261 35	74	126 13	61 14	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more Mobile home or trailer  HEATING EQUIPMENT  Central heating system  Other means	261 35	47 35	139	75	1, detached or attached 2	78 138 88 68 85	54 63 73 31 44	18 49 15 37 19	6 26 - - 22
None	33	33	- [	_	50 or more Mobile home or trailer	12 -	~	12	-
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000	247 5 5 54 22 35 21 52 31	74 - 14 - 18 14 13	126 	47 5 5 4 6 4 - 17 6	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100	469 80 62 159 106 38 19	265 26 39 77 79 29	150 54 12 55 15	54 - 11 27 12 - 4
\$100,000 or more	\$51 800	15 \$56 800	548 300	\$44 400	Median	\$178	\$194	\$161	\$179

# Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Price øsked	—Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	ising units			Rent øske	d — Specified	vacent for	rent housing	g units	
Green Bay city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Total	247	5	59	57	104	22	51 800	469	80	221	144	19	5	178
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	247 -	<u>5</u>	59 -	57 -	104	22	51 800	419 50	47 33	204 17	144	19 -	<u>5</u>	184 68
BEDROOMS														
None	13 48 116 70	- 5 - -	13 14 23 9	15 35 7	- 14 43 47	- - 15 7 -	21 300 40 800 50 000 68 800	71 175 138 80 5	33 31 - 16 -	38 69 82 32 -	75 52 17 -	- 4 15 -	- - - 5 -	126 193 179 177 450
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to March 1980	97 6 36 20 37 51	- - - - - 5	- 13 8 10 28	- - 12 27 18	75 6 23 - -	22 - - - - -	79 100 85 000 53 600 45 800 37 100 28 700	40 68 73 36 66 186	12 4 - - - 64	8 31 10 24 47 101	16 33 43 12 19 21	4 - 15 - -	5 -	185 199 223 195 163 138
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or troiler	247 	 	59 	57 	104	22 	51 800 	78 391 -	80 	28 193 —	30 114 –	15 4 -	5 - -	250 173 –

# Appendix A. — Area Classifications

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#### REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

## **STATES**

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

## **PLACES**

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

### **Incorporated Places**

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

## **Census Designated Places**

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

# STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

#### Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the non-metropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

## **SMSA Titles**

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

### **New SMSA Standards**

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

#### **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

### AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

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LITILIZATION		The 1980 census was conducted p	ırımarııv

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through self-enumeration. The principal

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CHARACTERISTICS . . . . . . . . . .

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a onefamily home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

**Housing Units**—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data-Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

**Year-Round Housing Units**—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

# OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

**Household Type**—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

**Year Householder Moved Into Unit**—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. **Duration of Vacancy**—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

**Tenure**—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" non-"Race, n.e.c." ulation and the "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

**Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder**—The data on Spanish/
Hispanic origin or descent of householder
were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of
the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish! Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports. Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin—The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups. both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

## **UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS**

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

**Persons Per Room**—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

## STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

**Stories in Structure**—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

**Passenger Elevator**—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

### PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

## **EQUIPMENT AND FUELS**

**Heating Equipment**—Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available — Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

### FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Value**—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only

one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appen-

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

# Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

Size of Family Unit	Weighted											
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more		
l person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686	•••	•••								
Under 65 years	3,774 3,479	3,774 3,479	• • •	• • • •		• • •	•••	•••	• • •			
2 persons	4,723	4,723		•••		• • •			• • •			
Householder under 65 years Householder 65 years and over	4,876 4,389	4,858 4,385	5,000 4,981	•••	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	• • • •			
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844		• • •	• • •			• • •		
4 persons	7,412 8,776	7,482 9,023	7,605 9,154	7,356 8,874	7,382 8,657	8,525	•••	•••		:::		
6 persons	9,915 11,237	10,378 11,941	10,419 12,016	10,205 11,759	9,999 11,580	9,693 11,246	9,512 10,857	10,429	• • •			
8 persons 9 or more persons	12,484 14,812	13,356 16,066	13,473 16,144	13,231 15,929	13,018 15,749	12,717 15,453	12,334 15,046	11,936 14,677	11,835 14,586	14,024		



# Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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## **USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE**

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

#### **Armed Forces**

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which

they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

#### **Crews of Merchant Vessels**

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

# Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

#### Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

# Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

#### **Americans Abroad**

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

## Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

# DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

# PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

# Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

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### INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

### SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group guarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

## **ERRORS IN THE DATA**

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

## **Calculation of Standard Errors**

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons. families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se and Se of estimates x and y:

Se 
$$(x+y)$$
 = Se  $(x-y) \doteq \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$ 

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

### **Confidence Intervals**

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

# Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

# **ESTIMATION PROCEDURE**

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of

five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

# **PERSONS**

## Stage I—Type of Household

Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children

Group

	Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family Without Own Children
	Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons

Persons in All Other Housing Units

11 1 person in housing unit
12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons in housing unit

in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

# Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

G	ro	u	C

1 Householder

2 Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

# Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
3	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older
	Female
9-16	Same age categories as
	groups 1 to 8
	n the contract

Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each The three stages of stage III group. adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

# OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

# Stage I—Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit
	A# 6.4 44 1 44 1:

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit

12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

in housing unit

# Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

#### Owner Group White Race (householder) Persons of Spanish Origin (householder) Value of House 1 \$0 to \$9,999 2 \$10,000 to \$19,999 3 \$20,000 to \$24,999 4 \$25,000 to \$49,999 5 \$50,000 to \$99,999 6 \$100,000 to \$149,999 7 \$150,000+ 8 Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

1						
9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8					
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16					
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16					
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16					
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16					
	Renter					
	White Race					
81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89	Persons of Spanish Origin Rent Categories \$1 to \$59 \$60 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500+ Other Renter					
91	No Cash Rent					
	Persons not of Spanish origin					
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91					
103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102					
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102					
147-168	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81					

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

#### **VACANT HOUSING UNITS**

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

# CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data. the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of for fabricated persons being data submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

# EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was for the preceding renterreported occupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

#### **ALLOCATION TABLES**

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

# Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	2/ Size of publication area													
Total 1/	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20	16 21	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16						
100	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	22 35
500	-	. 35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500	-	<u></u>	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	<del>-</del> .	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000	-	-			-						-	_	-	5 480

<sup>1/</sup> For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 $\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

# Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-1n-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	tage 1/					
, o, os ogc	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2 3.0 3.6	1.8 2.4 2.9	1.5 2.1	1.3 1.7	1.0	0.7 0.9	0.6 0.8	0.5 0.7	0.3 0.4	0.2 0.3 0.4	0.2 0.2 0.3	0.1 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.1
20 or 80	4.0 4.3	3.3 3.5	2.5 2.8 3.1	2.1 2.3 2.5	1.6 1.8 1.9	1.1 1.3 1.4	0.9 1.0 1.1	0.8 0.9 1.0	0.5 0.6 0.6	0.4 0.4 0.4	0.3	0.2 0.2 0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6 4.8	3.7 3.9	3.2 3.4	2.6 2.8	2.0 2.1	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6 0.7	0.5 0.5	0.3 0.3	0.2 0.2	0.1
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	8.2	0.2

<sup>1/</sup> For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 $\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

<sup>2</sup>/ The total count of housing units in the area.

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.0	0.9	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1. 1	1.0	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked.	1.1	0.9	0.5
Tenure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Units in structure	1.0	1.0	0.5
Stories in structure	0.9	0.9	0.5
Passenger elevator	0.9	0.9	0.4
Persons in unit	1.0	0.9	0.4
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into	1.0	0.9	0.5
	1.0	0.9	0.5
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5 0.5
Heating equipment and fuel			
Number of bedrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.0	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household			
income in 1979	1.0	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner costs	1.2	1.0	0.5
Household income	1.0	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.0	0.9	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for exclusive use with 1.01 persons			
per room or more	1.0	0.8	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5
,	1.0	1.0	3.3

# Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing	units
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent	Percent in somple
The SMSA	62 282	20.1
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's		
Green Bay city	34 445	16.3

	nii A		

# Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10**

- List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- 2. Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- **H5.** Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpeid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other wee	ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20.** This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers werm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a *portable room heater*.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32**

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ( \{ \}) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do *not* have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
  - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
  - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
  - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
  - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20**

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
  - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
    - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
    - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
    - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
    - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
  - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
  - c. Mork Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
  - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- 20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26**

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

### Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

#### Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
  - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
  - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
  - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
  - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29**

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
  - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

<u>Unacceptable</u>	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33**

30. If the person was an employee of a *private* nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
  - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
  - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
  - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
  - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- e. Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
  - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- 33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

# 1980 Census of the United States

If the ec	ddress shown write the corre	below has the ct apartmen	e wrong (	apartment or location	identifice here:	tio
DO	Al	A2	A4	A5	A6	
			<u> </u>	<u></u>		_

## Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

# Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue -

## How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

**Answer** the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20

**Mail** back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope, no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

### Question 1

#### List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

#### Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- •Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

here on Tuesday, April 1, 1980, or who was staying or visiting here and had no other hom				
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#### Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box  $\square$ .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

ge 2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	THE HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3		
Here are the	These are the columns for ANSWERS	PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2		
QUESTIONS	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initi		
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1?  Fill one circle.  If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1:  Husband/wife O Father/mother Son/daughter Other relative Brother/sister  If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative Partner, roommate Paid employee		
3. Sex Fill one	e circle.	O Male Female	O Male Female		
4. Is this person		White	<ul> <li>White</li> <li>Black or Negro</li> <li>Hawaiian</li> <li>Japanese</li> <li>Guamanian</li> <li>Chinese</li> <li>Samoan</li> <li>Filipino</li> <li>Korean</li> <li>Vietnamese</li> <li>Indian (Amer.)</li> <li>Print</li> <li>tribe</li> </ul>		
5. Age, and me	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday		
a. Print age at i	last birthday.				
b. Print month	and fill one circle.	b. Month of 9 3 1 0 1 0	b. Month of   1 ●   8 ○   0 ○   0 ○		
c. Print year in below each i	the spaces, and fill one circle number.	Sirth   2 C   2 C   3 C   3 C   3 C   4 C   4 C   5 C   5 C   5 C   5 C   6 C   6 C   7 C   7 C   7 C   6 C   6 C   6 C   7 C   7 C   6 C   6 C   7	birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
6. Marital statu	us	Now married	O Now married O Separated		
Fill one circle	2.	O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	O Widowed O Never married O Divorced		
7. Is this person origin or de		○ No (not Spanish/Hispanic) ○ Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano ○ Yes, Puerto Rican ○ Yes, Cuban ○ Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic ○ Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic			
attended re any time? kindergarten, el	gular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, dementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	Tes, private, charen related			
	highest grade (or year) of cool this person has ever	Highest grade attended:  Nursery school  Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended:  Nursery school  Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12		
If now attending school, mark grade person is in. If high school was finished by equivalency test (GED), mark "12."		College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  0 0 0 0 0 0  Never attended school - Skip question 10	College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  0 0 0 0 0 0 0  Never attended school — Skip question 10		
	rson finish the highest rear) attended?	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year)     Finished this grade (or year)		
FIII one circ	le.	O Did not finish this grade (or year)	O Did not finish this grade (or year)		

PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than	VER QUESTIONS H1—H12 R HOUSEHOLD	i
Il relative of person in column 1:  Husband/wife   Father/mother Son/daughter   Other relative		H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium?  No Yes, a condominium  H10. If this is a one-family house—  a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres?	
If not related to person in column 1:  O Roomer, boarder O Other nonrelative, O Paid employee	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or in a hospital?  Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away.  No	b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office?  Yes ONo	
O Male Female  O White O Asian Indian O Black or Negro O Hawaiian O Japanese O Guamanian	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed?  O Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker.  O No	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying —  What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?	
Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →	H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address?  One 2 apartments or living quarters 3 apartments or living quarters 4 apartments or living quarters	Do not answer this question if this is —  • A mobile home or trailer  • A house on 10 or more acres  • A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property	
2. Age at last birthday	<ul> <li>5 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>6 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>7 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>8 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>9 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>10 or more apartments or living quarters</li> </ul>	○ Less than \$10,000       \$50,000 to \$54,999         ○ \$10,000 to \$14,999       \$55,000 to \$59,999         ○ \$15,000 to \$17,499       \$60,000 to \$64,999         ○ \$17,500 to \$19,999       \$65,000 to \$69,999         ○ \$20,000 to \$22,499       \$70,000 to \$74,999         ○ \$22,500 to \$24,999       \$75,000 to \$79,999	i
3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 9 July—Sept.	This is a mobile home or trailer  H5. Do you enter your living quarters —  Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall?  Through someone else's living quarters?  H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters,	\$25,000 to \$27,499       \$80,000 to \$89,999         \$27,500 to \$29,999       \$90,000 to \$99,999         \$30,000 to \$34,999       \$100,000 to \$124,999         \$35,000 to \$39,999       \$125,000 to \$149,999         \$40,000 to \$44,999       \$150,000 to \$199,999         \$45,000 to \$49,999       \$200,000 or more	
Oct.—Dec.  Now married Widowed Divorced  Separated Never married	that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower?  Yes, for this household only Yes, but also used by another household No, have some but not all plumbing facilities No plumbing tacilities in living quarters	H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters — What is the monthly rent?  If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent.  C Less than \$50 \$160 to \$169	
<ul> <li>No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</li> <li>Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano</li> <li>Yes, Puerto Rican</li> <li>Yes, Cuban</li> <li>Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic</li> </ul>	H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters?  Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.  1 room 4 rooms 7 rooms 2 rooms 5 rooms 8 rooms	○ \$50 to \$59	
No, has not attended since February 1     Yes, public school, public college     Yes, private, church-related     Yes, private, not church-related	Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Rented for cash rent? Occupied without payment of cash rent?	○ \$100 to \$109       ○ \$250 to \$274         ○ \$110 to \$119       ○ \$275 to \$299         ○ \$120 to \$129       ○ \$300 to \$349         ○ \$130 to \$139       ○ \$350 to \$399         ○ \$140 to \$149       ○ \$400 to \$499         ○ \$150 to \$159       ○ \$500 or more	
Highest grade attended:  Nursery school  Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	number Occupied C1. Is this uni	D. Months vacant it for —  Cound use  Cound/Mig — Shin C2  D. Months vacant  C. Total persons  C. Less than 1 month  C. 1 up to 2 months	
College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  O O O O O O  Never attended school - Skip question 10  Now attending this grade (or year)	○ ○ ○   ○ ○ ○ ○   ○ Continuation   C2. Vacancy s   ○ For re ○ For sa ○ Regular ○ Regular ○ Regular ○ Regular ○ Rente	status  C3, and D.  C3 to to 6 up to 12 months  C3 to 1 year up to 2 years  C3 to 5 up to 6 months  C4 to 1 year up to 2 years  C5 to 1 year up to 2 years	
O Finished this grade (or year) O Did not finish this grade (or year)  CENSUS USE ONLY  A. O I O N O O	GGG GGG Group quarters O Other		

ge 4	scribes this building?	ALSO ANSWER THESE H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS
	ments, flats, etc., even if vacant.		USE
○ A mobile h		<ul> <li>Gas: from underground pipes</li> <li>serving the neighborhood</li> <li>Coal or coke</li> </ul>	H22a.
	ly house detached from any other house	○ Gas: bottled tank or LP ○ Wood	0 0 0
	ly house attached to one or more houses	O Electricity O Other fuel	1 1 1
	for 2 families	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 2 2
_	for 3 or 4 families		3 3 3
_	for 5 to 9 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	9 9 9
<ul> <li>A building</li> </ul>	for 10 to 19 families	○ Gas: from underground pipes ○ Coal or coke	5 5 5
<ul><li>A building</li></ul>	for 20 to 49 families	serving the neighborhood	G G G
<ul> <li>A building</li> </ul>	for 50 or more families	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	7 7 7
<ul> <li>A boat, ten</li> </ul>	t. van. etc.	O Electricity O No fuel used	888
		Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 9
H14a How many sto	ories (floors) are in this building?	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
	or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living	purposes. O Gas: from underground pipes O Coal or coke	0 0 0
0 1 to 3 — S		serving the neighborhood Wood	I I I
0 4 to 6	13 or more stories	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	8 8 8
		O Electricity — O No fuel used	3 3 3
b. Is there a pas	ssenger elevator in this building?	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	5 5 5
C Yes	○ No	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	7666
		a. Electricity	7 7 7
H15a. Is this building	ng —	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge  • Electricity not used	888
○ On a city or	r suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip.	Average monthly cost	_ 9 9 9
•	of 1 to 9 acres?	b. Gas	H22c.
·	of 10 or more acres?	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	
		Average monthly cost O Gas not used	0 0 0
b. Last year, 19	79, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm prod		2 2 2
from this pla	ice amount to —	\$ .00 OR ○ Included in rent or no charge	3 3 3
<ul><li>Less than \$</li></ul>	550 (or None)	2,499 Yearly cost	444
○ \$50 to \$24	9 🕳 🔾 \$600 to \$999 🔾 \$2,500 or m	ore d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5 5
		\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	6 6 6
H16. Do you get wa	ter from —	Yearly cost O These fuels not used	7 7 7
<ul> <li>A public sy</li> </ul>	stem (city water department, etc.) or private company?		888
	ual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	3 3 3
	pal dug well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	H22d.
Some atner	r source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	○ Yes  ○ No	0000
H17. Is this building	g connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	5555
<ul> <li>Yes, conne</li> </ul>	cted to public sewer	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	3333
•	ted to septic tank or cesspool	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	9 9 9 9
<ul> <li>No, use oth</li> </ul>	er means	○ 1 bedroom ○ 3 bedrooms ○ 5 or more bedrooms	5555
H18. About when w	as this building originally built? Mark when the building	y was H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	6666
	i, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and	2 2 2 2
O 1979 or 198	80 0 1960 to 1969 0 1940 to 1949	wash basin with piped water.	8888
O 1975 to 197		A <u>half</u> bathroom has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does	9999
O 1970 to 197	74	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
W19. When did the	person listed in column 1 move into	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
this house (or		1 complete bathroom	0000
○ 1979 or 198		1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	IIIII
0 1975 to 197		2 or more complete bathrooms	2888
0 1970 to 197		H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	3 3 3 3
O 1960 to 196	•	○ Yes ○ No	5 5 5 5
H20 Haw are year	living greaters booked?	H27 Do you have all conditioning?	6666
	living quarters heated? r the kind of heat used most.	H27. Do you have air conditioning?	7 7 7 7
	ot water system	Yes, a central air-conditioning system	8888
	rm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	<ul> <li>Yes, 1 individual room unit</li> <li>Yes, 2 or more individual room units</li> </ul>	9999
	count electric heat pumps here)	O No	<b></b>
O Electric hea	· ·		0000
	in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling,	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	IIII
or baseb		at your household?	3 3 3 3
		○ None ○ 2 automobiles	4444
O Floor, wall.		○ 1 automobile ○ 3 or more automobiles	5555
	or pipeless furnace		י בונו כון
	or pipeless furnace ers <u>with</u> flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene		6666
<ul> <li>Room heate</li> </ul>		H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	6666
<ul><li>Room heate</li><li>Room heate</li><li>Fireplaces,</li></ul>	ers with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene ers without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not p stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?	6666 7777 8888
<ul><li>Room heate</li><li>Room heate</li></ul>	ers with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene ers without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not p stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	6666

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YOUR HOUSEHOLD Please answer H30-H32 if you live in a one-family house										
which you own or are buying, <u>unless</u> this is —										
A mobile home or trailer										
A house on 10 or more acres	u cent vous unit c	or this is								
A condominium unit										
<ul> <li>A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property</li> </ul>										
What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?							syment to			
\$ .00 OR O None		d or junie	or mortgage						J	
hat is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	- \$			.00	OR	′. No	o regular pa	ayment	required	1 — Skip pa
							unt entere	d in H3	32c) inc	clude
\$ .00 OR © Nane	paym	nents fo	r real esta	ate taxes	on <u>thi</u>	<u>is</u> pro	perty?			
		Yes, ta	xes include	ed in pay	nent					
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?	0	No, tax	es paid se	parately o	r taxes	not r	equired			
O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	1	-	_				unt entere		32c) in	clude
O Yes, contract to purchase	payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?  Yes, insurance included in payment  No, insurance paid separately or no insurance									
○ No — Skip to page 6										
o you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?						1113			<del></del>	
○ Yes ○ No										
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FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No No No No	© 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 € 9 2.	0 I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 4. 0 I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 4. 0 I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 4.	S.S. Ye O No O O S.S. S.S. Ye O O No O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	2. OI 34 56 2 5 9	C 2 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4. 0 1 1 6 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 4. 0 1 1 6 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	(3) S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No	2. C 1 6 3 4 4 5 7 9 7 9	1 4. 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No O	○ T 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. ■ 2. □ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. □ 2. □ 2. □ 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. □ 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. □ 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 4. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	S.S. Ye O No O S.S. S.S. Ye O No O GQ	0 I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	H30	4. 01163456269 4. 01163456269 4. 011634566269	(3) S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes	2. C C I E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	1 4. 2 C. 2
FOR CENS	1 s.s. Yes No O A s.s. Yes O No O	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. 0 1 2	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	S.S. Ye O No O T S S S S G P O T S G	0 I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	H30 O I E	4. 01163456789 4. 01163456789 4. 01163456789 01163456789 0. 01163	(3) S.S. Yes O S.S. Yes O No O	2. C I E 3 4 4 5 7 9 5 6 7 9 5 6 7 9 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9	2c.
FOR CENS	1 s.s. Yes No O A s.s. Yes O No O	© 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 <b>2.</b>	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	S.S. Ye O No O S.S. S.S. Ye O No O GQ O T C 3	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 2. O 1 1 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 0 1 2 3	H30 0 1 2 3	4. 01183456789 4. 01183456789 4. 01183456789 01833456789	(3) S.S. Yes O S.S. No O H31.	2. C I E 3 4 4 5 7 9 5 6 7 9 9 H3. C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	2c.
FOR CENSO	1 S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No O	© 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 <b>2.</b> ○ 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 <b>2.</b> ○ 1 2 3	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	S.S. Ye O No O T E 3 余 O T E 3 余	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 2. O 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 C 2 8 3 4	H30 O I c 3 4	4. 01163456789 4. 01163456789 4. 01163456789 01163456789 0. 01163	(3) S.S. Yes O S.S. Yes O No O	2. C I E 3 4 4 5 7 9 5 6 7 9 5 6 7 9 5 6 7 9 5 7 9 5 7 9 5 7 9 5 7 9 5 7 9 7 9 7	2c.
FOR CENSO	(1) S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes O No O T S.S.	© 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 2.	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  4. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  4. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  4. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  5 6 7 8 9  4. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  5 7 8 9  5 8 9	S.S. Ye O NO O T C 3 & 5 G	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 2. O 1 1 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	H30 O I a 3 4 - 1 5	4. Olicasencerso	(3) S.S. Yes O No O No O H31.	2. C 1 6 3 4 6 7 9 5 2. C 1 6 3 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	2c.
FOR CENSO	1 S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No O	© 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 <b>2.</b> ○ 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 <b>2.</b> ○ 1 2 3 4 5	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  4. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  4. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  4. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  5. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	S.S. Ye O No O S.S. Ye O S	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 2. O 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9 1 0 1 2 3 4 5	H30 0 1 8 3 4 8 5 5 5	4. Olie3456289 4. Olie3456289 4. Olie3456289 5. Olie34456289 0. Olie34456289	(3) S.S. Yes O No O No O H31.	2. C 1 6 3 4 5 6 7 9 5 6 7 9 5 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 9 9 9	2c.

ANCIAIER	THESE	<b>QUESTIONS</b>	EΩ
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age 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FO
Name of	16. When was this person born?	22a. Did this person work at any time last week?
Person 1	O Born before April 1965 —	○ Yes — Fill this circle if this ○ No — Fill this circle
on page 2:	Please go on with questions 17-33	person worked full if this person
Last name First name Middle initial	Born April 1965 or later —  Turn to next page for next person	time or part time. did not work, (Count part-time work or did only own
11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?  Print the State where this person's mother was living	17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person —	such as delivering papers, housework,
when this person was born. Do not give the location of	a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?	or helping without pay in school work,
the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital	O Yes O No	a family business or farm. or volunteer  Also count active duty work.
were in the same State.	b. Attending college?	in the Armed Forces.)
	O Yes O No	Skip to 25
70 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0		b. How many hours did this person work last week
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.	c. Working at a job or business?	(at all jobs)?
12. If this person was born in a foreign country –  a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the	<ul><li>Yes, full time</li><li>No</li><li>Yes, part time</li></ul>	Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.
United States?	O res, part time	
<ul> <li>Yes, a naturalized citizen</li> </ul>	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military	Hours
O No, not a citizen	service in the Armed Forces of the United States?  If Service was In National Guard or Reserves only,	23. At what location did this person work last week?
Born abroad of American parents	see instruction guide.	If this person worked at more than one location, print
b. When did this person come to the United States	○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 19	where he or she worked most last week.
to stay?	b. Was active-duty military service during —	If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.
○ 1975 to 1980 ○ 1965 to 1969 ○ 1950 to 1959	Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.	
○ 1970 to 1974 ○ 1960 to 1964 ○ Before 1950	O May 1975 or later	a. Address (Number and street)
i	O Vietnam era (August 1964-April 1975)	
13a. Does this person speak a language other than	<ul> <li>February 1955—July 1964</li> <li>Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)</li> </ul>	If street address is not known, enter the building name,
English at home?	O World War II (September 1940 – July 1947)	shopping center, or other physical location description.
→ ○ Yes ○ No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	○ World War I (April 1917—November 1918)	b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
b. What is this language?	<ul> <li>Any other time</li> </ul>	
o. What is this language.	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other	1
	health condition which has lasted for 6 or more	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal)
(For example – Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)	months and which Yes No	limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?
c. How well does this person speak English?	a. <u>Limits</u> the kind or amount  of work this person can do at a job?	O Yes O No, in unincorporated area
O Very well O Not well		
○ Well ○ Not at all —	b. <u>Prevents</u> this person from working at a job?	d. County
	c. Limits or prevents this person  from using public transportation?	
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6	4.710.004
now to report directly, see instruction guide.	How many babies has she ever 0 00000	e. State f. ZIP Code
	had, not counting stillbirths?	24a. <u>Last week</u> , how long did it usually take this person
/Es augmets Afra Amos English Espech Common Handwan	Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted.	to get from home to work (one way)?
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican,	or Children she has adopted.	Minutes
Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	21. If this person has ever been married —	
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago	a. Has this person been married more than once?	b. How did this person usually get to work last week?  If this person used more than one method, give the one
(April 1, 1975)?	Once O More than once	usually used for most of the distance.
If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place	b. Month and year Month and year	O Car O Taxicab
of residence there.	of marriage? of first marriage?	O Truck O Motorcycle
O Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person	,	O Van O Bicycle O Bus or streetcar O Walked only
○ Yes, this house - Skip to 16	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)	O Railroad O Worked at home
√ ○ No, different house	c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?	○ Subway or elevated ○ Other — Specify ————————————————————————————————————
b. Where did this person live five years ago	Yes	If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c.
(April 1, 1975)?		Otherwise, skip to 28.
(1) State, foreign country,	for censu	S USE ONLY
Puerto Rico,	Per. 11. 13b. 14.	15b. 23.
Guam, etc.:	No. 000 000 000	000 000 000 000 000 00
_	S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	SSS SSS   SSS SSS   SS   I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
(2) County:	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	333 333 333 333 333 333
(3) City, town,		
(3) City, town, village, etc.:	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	555 555 555 555 55
	6 666 666 666	666 666 666 666 66
village, etc.:		

c. When going to work last week, did this person usually —	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few		Pe
	USE	days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	CENSUS	USE ONLY
<ul> <li>Drive alone — Skip to 28</li> <li>Share driving</li> <li>Ride as passenger only</li> </ul>	21b.	_	31b. 31c.	31d.
	00	○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 31d	0.100	
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	011		1 1 1	1 1 1
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	E 13	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?	ê e .	-   2 6
0 2 0 4 0 6	11 3 3	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.	3   3	1 3 3
0 3	0 9 11	Weeks	9 4 4 4	7- 1-9-
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	<b>-</b> Ⅲ <sup>5</sup> .			5   5 5
. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	06	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did	150	
or business <u>last week?</u>	IV 🚊 🖟	this person usually work each week?	1 (8.7	1
○ Yes, on layoff	0111	Hours		1
<ul> <li>Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.</li> </ul>				<u> </u>
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many week	s 32a.	32ь.
a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	; () ()	was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?	0.00	0000
r— ○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 27	I I	Weeks	1 1 1	1111
	5 3		1 1 2 E	18008
b. Could this person have taken a job <u>last week?</u>	3 3	32. Income in 1979 —	3 1 3	3 3 3 3
No, already has a job	9- 9-	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.		9 9 0 9
No, temporarily ill	2 (	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.	5 - 5 5	5555
<ul> <li>No, other reasons (in school, etc.)</li> </ul>		If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income	6666	6666
Yes, could have taken a job	¥ 18	received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.	7777	
When did this person last work, even for a few days?	.,	Ouring 1979 did this person receive any income from the		1 2 2 9 6
		following sources?	AO	lo A
○ 1980 ○ 1978		If "Yes" to any of the sources below - How much did this	32c.	32d.
○ 1979 1975 to 1977 1969 of earlier 31d	ABC	person receive for the entire year?	0000	1 0 0 0 v
	1.17	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from		
-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds,		1 2 :
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	2.11	dues, or other items.	3333	1 33
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	○ Yes → \$ .00	9 4 4 9	1 - 9 9 9
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for	200	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	5 . 5 5	: 5 , ,
last job or business since 1975.			6666	6666
. Industry	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional	7 7 7 7	1000
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	2.0	practice Report <u>net</u> income after business expenses.	8.188	5 5 8 6   1 5 5 5 5
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	(4	→ Yes → \$ .00	0000	5991
Allinea Forces, printe 711 and strip to question 57.	111	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	0 A C	O AC
		c. Own farm	32e.	32f.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	_	Report <u>net</u> income after operating expenses. Include earnings as	0000	10000
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	1 1	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.	1 1 1	T 1 1
Describe the activity at location where employed.		○ Yes → § .00	é .	1
	( )	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	334	; 3
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	, ,		0 9-11	9.9
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	18	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income  Report even small amounts credited to an account.	ر در د	5 5 =
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)	7 '	· ·	666	
Manufacturing Retail trade	AF (	) Yes → \$ .00 ○ No	111	89:
Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)	NW '	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	993	1 39
. Occupation	<del>-</del>	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement		-
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	○ Yes → § .00	32g.	33.
a. What kind of work was this person doning:	NPQ		0000	0000
	000	(Annual amount – Dollars)	IIII	1 1 1 1
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of	RST	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with	8688	8666
order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	000	Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	3 3 3 3	3333
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?		or public welfare payments	9- 9- 9- 9-	9 9 9 9
	U V W	○ Yes → \$ .00	5555	5355
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising		O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	6666	7777
order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)  Was this person - (Fill one circle)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments,	នៃន់ង់ន	8888
Was this person — (Fill one circle)	000	pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources	1999	9999
Employee of private company, business, or		of income received regularly	_	O A C
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	U) (1	Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an Inheritance	<b>├ ■</b> ┌─	L
Federal government employee	1 1	or the sale of a home.	I I I I	i i
State government employee	3 + 3	○ Yes → \$ .00	5 8 8 8	
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	9-9-	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	33 3	
Self-employed in own business,	555	33. What was this person's total income in 1979?		
professional practice, or farm —	666	Add entries in questions 32a	55 55	ľ
	6 : 3	through g; subtract any losses.	7 7 7	1
Own business not incorporated				
Own business not incorporated	33 × 8	(Annual amount - Dollars)	88 88	3 ∤ខ85
			88 88	1

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### Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

SENERALF-1	PUBLICATIONS—Con.
UBLICATIONSF-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-
Population and Housing Census	tial Finance F-4
Reports F-1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary
PHC80-1, Block Statistics F-1	Reports F-4
PHC80-2, Census Tracts F-2	Evaluation and Reference
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	Reports
teristics for Governmental	PHC80-E, Evaluation and
Units and Standard Metro-	Research Reports F-4
politan Statistical Areas F-2	PHC80-R, Reference Reports. F-4
PHC80-4, Congressional	PHC80-R1, Users' Guide. F-4
Districts of the 98th	PHC80-R2, History F-4
Congress F-2	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	Index of Industries and
Estimates of Social, Eco- nomic, and Housing	Occupations F-4
Characteristics F-2	PHC80-R4, Classified
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	Index of Industries and
mates of Social, Economic,	Occupations F-4
and Housing Characteristics . F-2	PHC80-R5, Geographic
Population Census Reports F-2	Identification Code
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Scheme
teristics of the Population F-2	COMPUTER TAPES F-4
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	Summary Tape Files F-4
ber of Inhabitants F-2	STF 1 F-4
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	STF 2 F-4 STF 3 F-4
Population Characteristics F-2	STF 4 F–5
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	STF 5
Social and Economic	Other Computer Tape Files F-5
CharacteristicsF-3	P.L. 94-171, Population
PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population	Counts
Characteristics F-3	Master Area Reference Files
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	1 and 2 (MARF) F-5
Reports F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual
PC80-S1, Supplementary	Independent Map Encoding
Reports F-3	(GBF/DIME) F-5
Housing Census Reports F-3	Public-Use Microdata
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Samples
teristics of Housing Units F-3	Census/EEO Special File F-5
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	MAPS F-5
General Housing	MICROFICHE F-5
Characteristics F-3	STF 1 Microfiche F-5
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	STF 3 Microfiche F-5
Detailed Housing	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche F-5
Characteristics F-3	
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro- politan Housing	
Characteristics F-3	GENERAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	
Reports F-3	The results of the 1980 Census of Popu-
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	lation and Housing are issued in three
nents of Inventory Change F-3	forms: printed reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

#### **PUBLICATIONS**

# Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics— These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

#### **Population Census Reports**

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A. B. C. and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics—Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

#### **Housing Census Reports**

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units—This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance— This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of non-farm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

#### **Evaluation and Reference Reports**

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

#### **COMPUTER TAPES**

#### Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8.400), STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, and HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5-This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

#### Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas. and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

#### **MAPS**

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

#### **MICROFICHE**

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

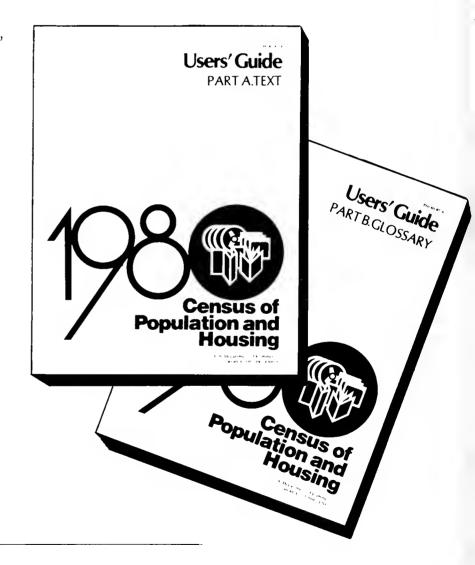
# 1980 Census of Population and Housing

# **Users' Guide**

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text-Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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